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J. G. HARRISON & SONS



*Our
Specialties*

NURSERIES

Baltimore Grow Co.

BERLIN, MD.

REFERENCES

EXCHANGE & SAVINGS BANK OF BERLIN
and R. G. DUN & CO.



To Our PATRONS.



We are under obligations to all our patrons who have assisted us in the past to build up the business we now have, and are trying to solve that obligation just as we have done in the past by giving an equivalent for the money we receive.

Our peach tree business has continued to broaden until we are today the largest growers of peach nursery stock in the United States.

Those other three lines we took on a few years ago by beginning in a small way till we learned the business--PEARS, APPLES and PLUMS--have proven an entire success, so that we are now in the market with a LARGE STOCK OF OUR OWN GROWING. These lines are now developed and we are pushing them hand in hand with our peach business.

The design on the front page was gotten up in no haphazard way, but for a purpose. It is intended to show that each member of our firm has his special department and personally supervises it. Everything connected with the business is personally superintended by a member of the firm, from the planting of the seed to the loading on cars. We know our business and give it our attention.

Our strawberry beds are as fine as ever, containing as they do all standard, and about all the new varieties. We have plants by the million and are prepared to furnish customers in any quantity.

We have a large stock of asparagus roots of the leading varieties



J. G. Harrison & Sons,
BERLIN, - MARYLAND.



WHITE, HEARN & COOPER, PRINTERS,
SALISBURY, - MARYLAND.

Strawberry Plants a Specialty.

The strawberry being the first fruit to ripen in the spring comes to the table when the appetite is exacting and is a very welcome visitor. It is so beautiful in form, color and fragrance, that it is to the fruits what the rose is to the flowers—a veritable queen.

No fruit can surpass strawberries, fully ripe and freshly picked from the vines. They are so beneficial to health that invalids gain strength from eating them, and they may be eaten at every meal in satisfying quantities and nourish the most delicate stomach.

The fruit is so soon produced after planting that it affords pleasant, easy and profitable employment for the poor with but little land, to the old with little strength, and to all who love to till the soil and get near to nature and to mother earth.

The charms of the strawberry do not all end in the eating of it. The strawberry is sure to grow and the various varieties are suited for the various soils. Its culture is simple and fine berries are sure to sell at paying prices.

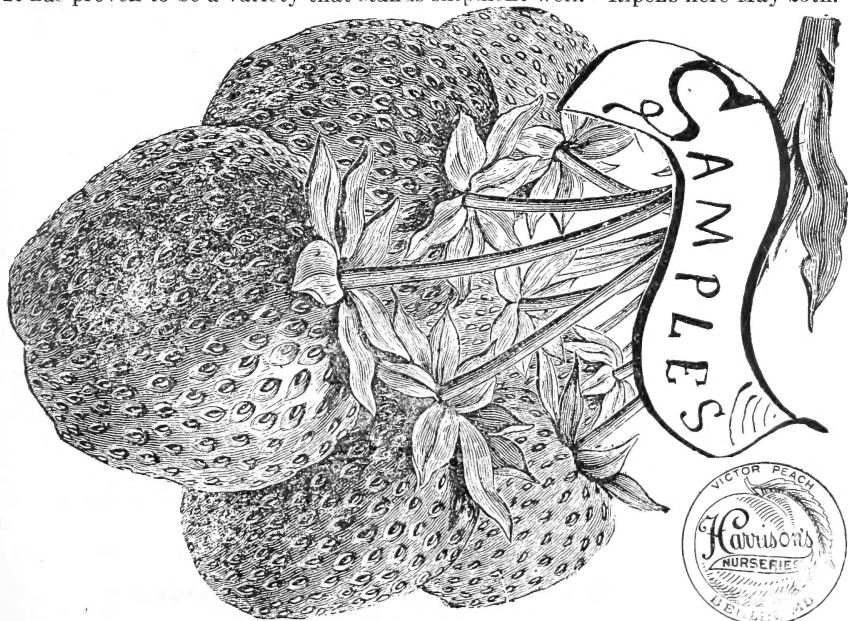
Strawberries come to the table from the garden in the most tempting and presentable shape and need nothing to fit them to grace the table of a king.

Brother Hale says: "No man should fool himself in telling his wife that he hasn't time to bother with such trash as berries, but will buy all the family wants. He may not be much of a liar but those of us who have so often heard that old chestnut about buying all the berries the family wants, know he is way off. He never did and never will buy one tenth as many berries as the family will consume." Hale is right, the only just and true way for an honorable and manly man is to grow them and let everybody about the place have all they can eat.

POCOMOKE—Perfect bloomer with a very strong stamina that would be desirable with most pistillate varieties. The plant in color is very dark green. Fruit large size of the dark carmine color, very solid and holds its color through and through. It is unlike a great many other berries being solid in the center. It has proven to be a variety that stands shipment well. Ripens here May 25th.

Be confident about our success with strawberries. Don't go at it in a half hearted way but pitch in as if you meant it.

Sometimes when a small patch of strawberries does not pay a larger one can be substituted which will prove a great winner



SAMPLE (Imp.)—Not having fruited this variety we can only give the description as the originator describes it. The Sample strawberry is admired by

Washington, Oct. 30, 1899.

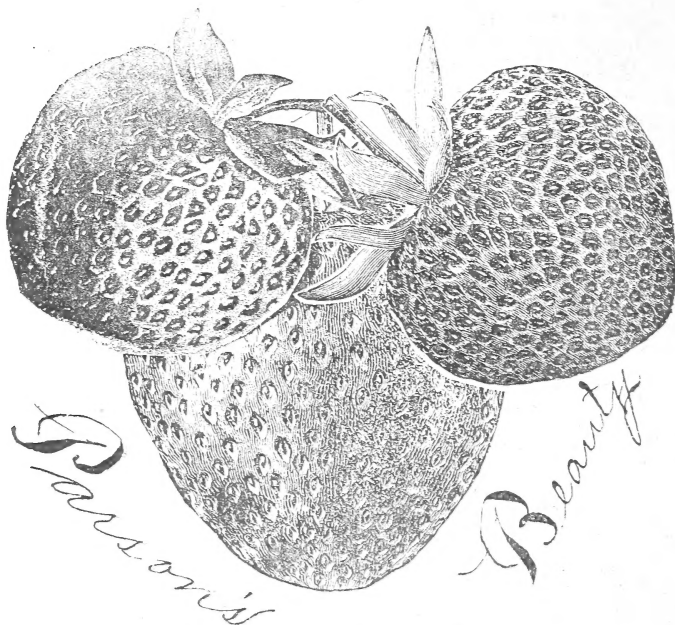
Messrs. J. G. Harrison & Sons.

Gentlemen:—The trees and plants arrived safe and in good order and am well pleased with all, but the strawberry plants are the best I ever saw and have been ordering for 27 years.

Fred J. Parks.

everyone who has seen it and it only awaits to be known to be universally appreciated. No one who has seen it has been able to criticise it. We have now watched it with greatest interest for three years and are not able to say that it has a single weak point. Be-

lieving that in introducing it we are advancing the interest of the fruit growers and the general public, we have no hesitation in asking a consideration of its claims. The introducer says: "This new berry is large size and fine quality, quite firm, continues a long time in fruit. The berries are large to the last. For the marketmen it is the best strawberry ever grown. Yields as many berries as Haverland and averages as large as the Bubach.



PARSONS BEAUTY (Per)—We have in the Parsons Beauty a perfect bloomer, berry equally as large and very much of the same shape as Tennessee Prolific, firmer and a little darker in color and equally as productive, as they have been thoroughly tested in our vicinity the past season in a piece of land near us, side by side and the Parsons Beauty gave more fruit and sold for more money than the Tennessee Prolific by far. In growing berries for a commercial purpose you should include this variety in every selection. We shall plant it for the fruit and shall expect to be well repaid for the outlay. The plant is a large, strong grower, resembling the Bubach in some respects, having a large, broad leaf with a strong root. Being a strong perfect bloomer it is a desirable variety to plant with pistillate sorts.

PORTAGE—A strong grower and all that could be desired in a plant. Very productive. The berries are very large, firm and good quality.

GEORGE TRIUMPH—Plant in color very dark green, good stout grower, very large. Fruit surface bright red with inside yellowish tint.



HERO (Per.)—George Washington proved himself to be the greatest hero among the American people, even so will this berry prove itself to be the greatest hero among the strawberries. The fruit is large, well formed, of dark red color and shows the color through and through. It is of most excellent flavor, not only tastes delicious while eating but leaves such a pleasant after-effect that makes one feel like wanting more. Surely the most fastidious epicurean cannot find any fault whatever with this fruit when placed upon his table.

This new variety was originated in Arkansas. We have purchased the entire stock and having full control of same, there is no other firm in the United States, that has any of these plants to offer, therefore, do not be deceived by unscrupulous persons who should claim to have this variety. The fruit is solid and will stand long shipment. Season of ripening about May 25th.

We are offering them at a nominal price considering the quality and quantity which we have to offer. We have placed the price very low for such a desirable variety, only 100 dozen to be sold, and in order that you may be sure your order will be filled it should be placed at once and the stock will be reserved, otherwise you may be too late. Price \$1.00 each, \$3.00 for half dozen; \$5.00 per dozen.

CROCKETT'S EARLY—Plant bright green foliage, upright. Fruit rather large, long and pointed and it seems to be rather soft for long shipment.

M. QUEEN—On spring set plants on June 1st we find some very large green berries but only a few ripe ones, hence it shows to be a late berry of excellent flavor and of good size.



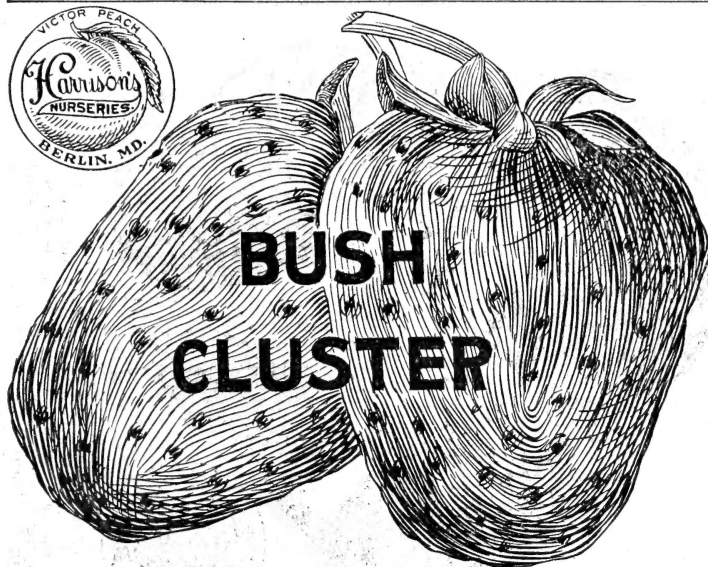
NICK OHMER (Per)—This variety is no longer an experiment. We fruited about half an acre this season and in our field of more than 60 acres, it was one among the very best in size, color and firmness. The plant is faultless, a strong grower and makes fruit stems very large that hold the fruit well up from the ground, it therefore, does not need mulching. When perfectly ripe it is of a beautiful carmine color and when packed in crates it is very attractive. An excellent shipper and will surely suit the fancy trade. Berries run in size from large to the very largest and will always demand a high price when fancy stock is desired. The flavor is delicious. Ripens about May 20th and continue for about three weeks. The man who does not plant this in 1900 will make a mistake.

DARLING (Per)—Seedling of Mitchel's Early, fruited with us the past season. Fruit of medium size, good quality and one among the early varieties. Being the first season with us, probably we have not given it a fair test. The originator describes it as being the most productive early strawberry ever sent out. Originated in Virginia.

DAYTON (Per)—Early, very productive, high quality and is above medium size for the early sorts. Plant a strong grower and is quite valuable for such an early berry; large size.

HERSEY (Per)—Form very attractive and contains all the good qualities far home market. Color rich, dark red, medium size and of excellent flavor. The vines are very thrifty and productive. Season of ripening May 25th.

PARIS KING (Per)—Size above medium, sour, very productive. Holds fruit well up from the ground. Ripens freely with us about May 18th.



Bush Cluster—Remarkably vigorous, growth upright, similar to the old Kentucky, which grew so tall that traveling Nursery Agents sold them for wonderful Bush Strawberries, giving the impression of gathering off a bush.

Bush Cluster has this high growth with strong fruit stems that do not sprawl on the ground, and so keeps perfectly clean, free of sand, grit and dirt. The flowers are pistillate, and the yield excels the well known Crescent, a berry that has records of 10,000 quarts per acre. Fruit borne, as the name indicates, in great clusters, of large size; color rather dark, good quality and firm, a good shipper, with the great feature of keeper free from sand, dirt and grit, a great fault with all other sorts in wet weather, if they are not mulched. So raise clean berries by planting Bush Cluster. Numerous new strawberries brought out each season, but none have improved on laying fruit on ground, causing rot, soft and sandy, dirty and gritty berries. Bush Cluster obviates all this by keeping off the ground. The great clusters of fruit, filling crates abundantly. Another feature is the low price we are placing it, have a very limited stock of it, so let us book you order soon as possible; can hold them then until ready to plant. Bush Cluster ripens with Crescent.

Lady Jane (Per)—Our latest pet is the Lady Jane. Here we have a grand berry, largest size, firm, high flavor and color, in fact, the handsomest berry we have ever grown. It is a seedling of the Haverland crossed by the Hoffman. Thrifty, light colored plant growth. Demands rich soil and will stand Drouth and Heat with the best of them, in fact we think it the best big berry for Southern shippers to follow Excelsior. You will not regret planting it anywhere.—Originator. For a new berry we put it out very low.

CLYDE (Per)—At the first few pickings last year this variety was all that one could ask for; the berries were large and abundant hanging in such clusters that every one wanted to pick the Clyde. Following this was a few days of rain and hot suns, and they wilted very fast compared with other varieties. The only objection there seemed to be was the lack of foliage to cover the fruit and for this reason the fruit was hurt quite severely by the hot suns. It will have to have extra cultivation and fertilizer to enable the plant to make foliage enough to cover the fruit in a dry season.

Indiana, March 22nd, 1899.

J. G. Harrison & Sons, Dear Sirs:—I received your plants on the 29th and will say that the plants were as fresh as if they were just out of the soil. Thanks for taking so much care with them in packing. I am very much pleased with them.

Ever yours, James Stafford.

Pa. November 17th, 1890.
Messrs. J. G. Harrison & Sons, Gents:—Enclosed please find check for trees. I want to say that they are the finest I ever saw. Will need more next spring. When you issue a new catalogue, don't forget to mail me one.
Yours respectfully,
E. P. Winemiller.



D. C. November 22d, 1890.
Messrs. J. G. Harrison & Sons, Gents:—Herewith you will please find check for \$38.25 in settlement of bill which I send with much pleasure as my brother & wife me they are fine trees and says several gentlemen in the neighborhood pronounce them to be superior stock.
Very truly,
H. N. Beall.

STAR (Per)—The largest berries we had last season were the Star. Were we to tell you ten filled a quart, you might say that Worcester county will not grow berries of that size, but we grew the Star this large in a low moist soil in a favored spot in the garden, and similar soils to this must be had to grow the finest specimens of any of the large berries. When you are looking for something for the fancy market, you cannot strike one better than this. The plant is strong, very vigorous and with no sign of rust, makes plants quite freely for such a large berry as it is. In fact it will make twice as many as the Sharpless, which it resembles, although it is superior to this variety with us. The berry is as near perfect in shape as can be possible; bright glossy red and of excellent flavor. Its season of ripening is late. The accompanying cut is a very good representation of this variety.

BUBACH (Imp)—Hundreds of varieties have come up since this one was put on the market by Mr. Bubach of Illinois, and there will be hundreds more of them that will go before this variety. When you sum up the whole substance of the strawberry crop you will find the Bubach will be among the leaders of the old standard varieties when your hair has turned gray. This berry has been thoroughly described year after year but for the benefit of those who have not grown them we would say the fruit is of the largest size, oftentimes coxcombed and it is not at all unusual to find berries of this variety weighing an ounce to and ounce and a quarter. It will do fairly well under poor cultivation but responds freely to good food. The plant is perfect, having dark foliage very stout crown, a prolific grower and only sets enough plants to give good sized berries.

SAUNDERS (Per)—One of the very best to plant with pistillate varieties as the pollen of it is very strong. The plant is a healthy grower, very productive, fruit large, conical, slightly flattened and often has a depression on one or both sides. It is deep red and is remarkably glossy. The past season only confirmed our belief stronger in this variety as it was up to its standard in every respect.

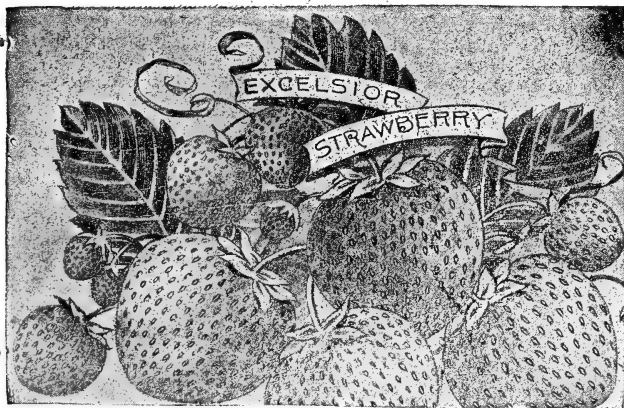
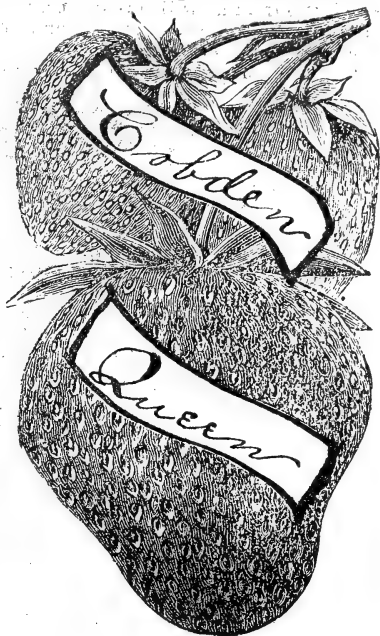
LOVETT (Per)—Plants are perfect beauties, healthy, no rust, spreading out profusely if allowed. A good standard sort, medium to late, firm and productive.

COBDEN QUEEN (Imp)—Size large, beautiful, well shaped crimson berries of the medium early varieties; being five days earlier than the Crescent. Flavor among the most delicious. It has been thoroughly tested and has proven to be a good one for market. Abundant and healthy foliage.

COLUMBIAN (Per)—Is thrifty, very productive, uniform and medium size, light scarlet, seed red when fully ripe, pink flesh, white at center, medium soft, mild, sweet and pleasant. Fine for family or nearby markets. Ripens early, stands well up from the ground.

IMPROVED PARKER EARLE—This variety was sent out by Arnout as an improvement over the old Parker Earle which we consider is still this variety, and requires a different soil from what we have here. They set five times as many berries as they will ripen and they lack in foliage to cover their fruit at the proper season. The fruit when fully ripe is large. They cover a long time in ripening, unlike most other varieties in that respect. This variety will do better in hill culture than in matted rows and should not be planted by the average strawberry grower who does not expect to give them special care. It is a late variety. Its principal points are firmness, size, richness and quantity.

EXCELSIOR (Per)—The originator says: "We are proud in being able to

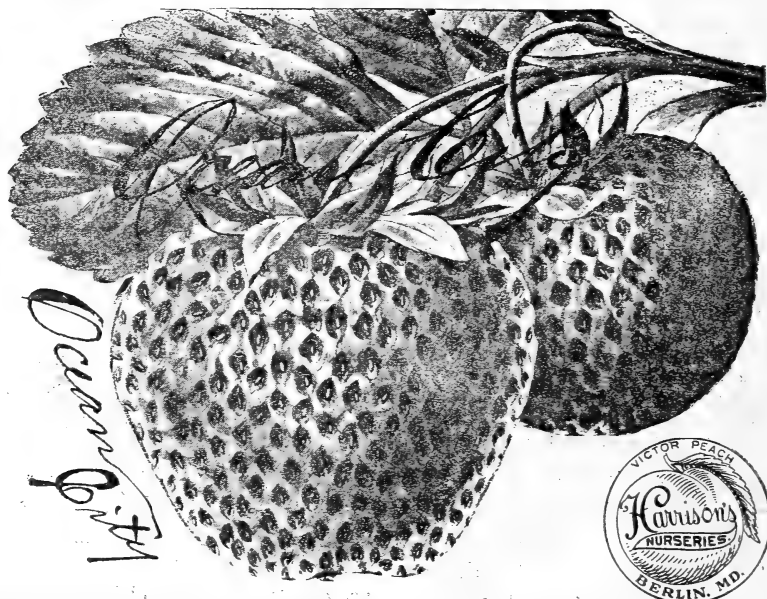


offer to our patrons this extra early, large, firm, high colored, well shaped berry. It is immensely productive and will take the place of Mitchell's Early wherever tried. It was originated in the state of Arkansas, where all good things come from. We strongly urge all our patrons to get a start of them for they are great

early berries for profit. It is a seedling of Wilson crossed with Hoffman. Wilson shaped and Wilson colored; plant resembles Hoffman, but larger and more robust..

The earliest variety grown with us the past season, fully one week earlier than Mitchell's early which it resembles very much; still it is a distinct variety, and is also very much firmer than the Mitchell's. We have had numerous reports of this variety and everyone, where earliness is desired, speaks of it as a most favorable variety. There has been a desire for years for a good variety that will ripen with Hoffman and as productive as Mitchell's. This is as early

as Hoffman and will grow three quarts of berries to the Hoffman's one per acre in the same soil. We recommend this, wherever earliness is desired, to be the best early berry now grown. The first ripe berries with us were found May 10th. We paid \$80 for the first thousand plants but have never regretted it.



OCEAN CITY (Per)—The plant has dark green foliage, berries very large, of Sharpless type; originated in this county. Succeeds well in light, moist, rich land; when put in high sandy land it is a failure. We recommend it wherever late berries of fine quality are desired.

JERRY RUSK (Per)—Fruit is magnificent, large, evenly colored, fine quality. The growth is all that could be desired, being strong, healthy and vigorous. Where it was originated it is claimed to be the best variety ever grown. Being a new variety it is worthy of trial.

JERSEY MARKET (Imp.)—The berries are bright crimson in color and of large but not of mammoth size, being remarkably uniform in both size and color. They are above the average in firmness, of rich delicious quality and ripen in midseason. Plant has large and abundant foliage and has never been affected by rust or scald.

CARRIE (Imp.)—This is comparatively a new variety; has been on the market only four seasons. In size it is a little larger than Haverland which it resembles in shape, color and texture. The plant is a robust grower, seems to succeed quite well in general varieties of soil. Season of ripening about May 25.

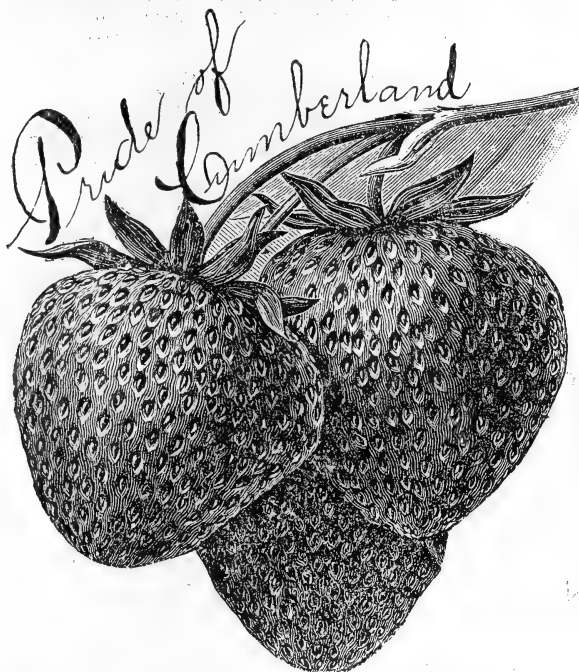
WARFIELD (Imp.)—To get the best fruit of this variety it must be thinned at least one half of the runners that are made in order to give it sufficient room and sunlight. If neglected and left too thick the berries are sure to be small, but in productiveness, it is almost unsurpassed. The berry is dark red color, firm and of medium size.

West Va., March 4th, 1899.

Messrs. J. G. Harrison & Sons:—The 12,000 strawberry plants and the 1,000 raspberry plants I ordered of your firm came promptly on time and am well pleased with their appearance. Please accept thanks for careful packing and extra plants.

Truly yours, John Sloan.

PRIDE OF CUMBERLAND(Per.)—Fruit medium to large size, when fully



ripe is dark red. Perfect shape somewhat of Gandy type. Sets lots of berries but to mature them it requires a good soil. This variety should not be planted on light soils as there are a number of other varieties that will do much better. Rather sharp, but pleasant flavor. Planted very largely in N. J.

H. & H.—We regret to say that this berry did not come up to the originator's description by any means on our soil. It is an early small red berry and will not stand shipment. Plants look nice, being thickly matted and entirely too many plants to make good fruit.

GLEN MARY (Per)
—Shows up better than last season and it makes some very large berries but the plant rusts very

badly and by rusting as it does, it does not seem to have sufficient foliage to cover the fruit from the hot sun, therefore, we consider we have better varieties in cultivation than this.

W. L. BELT (Per)—This variety needs to be in rich moist soil and when given highest culture it will always produce fine specimens and plenty of them. The fruit is of good flavor, firm and uniform. In poor soil one would be disappointed with this variety. Plant this if you are willing to feed it.

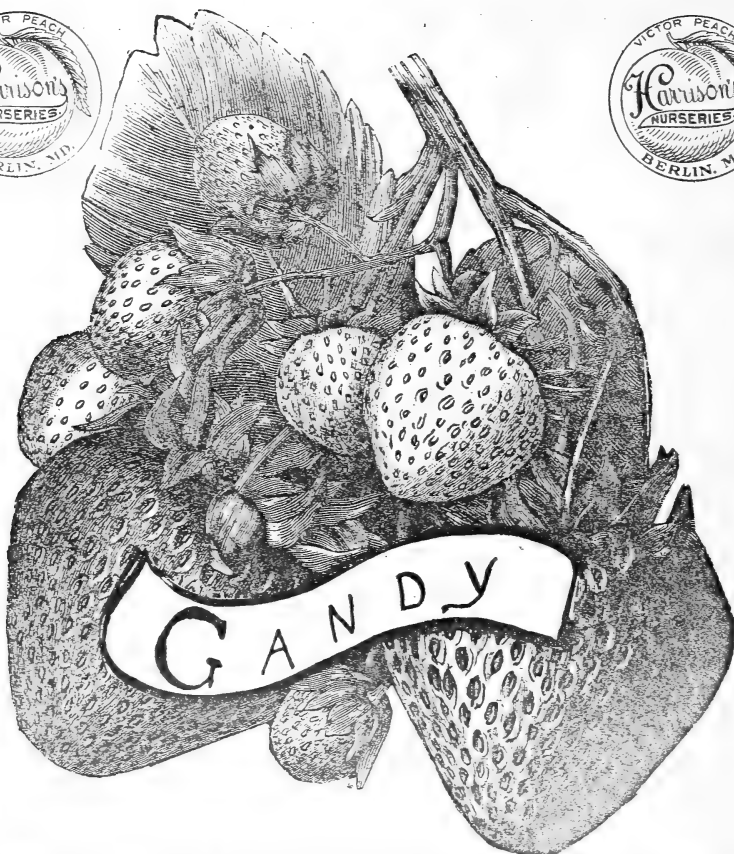
SHARPLESS(Per)—An old standard variety, one of the very largest, when planted on strong, rich, moist soil one would be surprised at the fine specimens it will produce; but this variety will do fairly well in lighter soils but not as

Ill., April 8th, 1899.
Dear Sirs:—The strawberry plants came in due time and in splendid condition. They are vigorous, hearty looking plants.
Yours etc., J. F. Bouck.

well as a variety like Tennessee Prolific on poor soils. The berry when not fully ripe is a little white at the tip. There have been numerous varieties of this type put out in the past few years with the claim that it ripens all over and for this reason only, they were superior to Sharpless, but I fear they have missed it as we find when it comes down to actual facts there are but few of this type that will surpass it.

MARSHALL (Per)—Fruit is the very largest size, bright red when fully ripe, solid and a good shipper. Plant very large and sets but few runners. One of the very best under favorable circumstances but this variety must have the very best soil and plenty of food.

MITCHEL'S EARLY (Per)—One among the very earliest, medium size. Berries rather sour, scarlet in color. A healthy and abundant plant maker. Must be thinned to get best results. An old standard variety and needs no description.



GANDY (Per)—One of the latest if not the latest in cultivation. This variety requires a special soil adapted to it. It is particularly adapted to the northern states, as in the Southern states it seems too dry. We say, on our soil it is a good plant maker, producing a beautiful plant of medium size. The fruit, what we get, is of good size but it is too shy a bearer here to be of any profit. This variety is well known over the country and where it succeeds well it is one of the best paying sorts. We always grow a good stock of these to supply our customers, and our stock is genuine.

TENNESSEE PROLIFIC (Per)—A fine one to grow, very desirable to plant with most pistillate varieties in a general way. Comes up to all former and surpassed all past records when given a chance with other good varieties. The only objection to them is they are a little inclined to be soft if left too thick in the bed, but if they are properly cared for and if not allowed to ripen too thoroughly in the patch there will be no complaint on this account.

CRESCENT (Imp)—The poor, lazy man's variety. Will produce more fruit under careless cultivation than any other variety. Very productive, bright red, medium size, known everywhere and needs no description.

MANWELL (Per)—Ripens all over at once without any green tips. Bears its fruit on large fruit stems and often brings to perfection as many as 20 berries on a single stem. It is not immensely large but its great beauty, firmness, earliness, and good flavor, productiveness and vigor combined with good size make it exceedingly popular. Ripens at the same time as Crescent.

HAVERLAND—This variety has been before the public for several years. The plant is perfect, makes a good supply of plants and holds the fruit well up from the ground. The berry is from medium to large size, bright red, long and pointed. Fair in quality and as a shipper. It should be well pollenized with perfect bloomers and in this way you can improve the firmness. It is one of the most productive varieties grown. The season of ripening medium, and ripens here about May 25th.

Conn., Oct. 15th, 1899.
GENTS:—Strawberry plants to hand, very satisfactory. Thanks for your generosity in putting in extras. Respectfully,
W. S. Shepherd.

BISMARCK (Per)—Is not as large as the Bubach as has been described, but resembles this variety in color, shape and flavor. Fruit is bright scarlet with no green tips; very firm for such a large berry. It makes lots of plants and sets loads of fruit which it seems to mature, especially if given good strong soil. For those who are prejudiced against an imperfect bloomer like the Bubach, this is the one to plant.

DELAWARE (Per)—At blooming season they showed to be the finest on our grounds, but two weeks later they did not show as well and at picking season, May 25th, they were loaded full with ripe and green berries. They set entirely too much fruit and they cannot mature the load they undertake to carry. I think on good soil with high cultivation there could be a heavy crop of fruit marketed from this variety. Fruit of medium size, firm and a good shipper but not of the highest flavor.

LADY THOMSON (Per)—This variety has been grown world wide for the past three years and in great variety of soils, and it seems to succeed quite well; however it is better adapted to rich, loamy or sandy soils. It is early, very large size and quite productive.

HOFFMAN (Per)—Early southern berry, very dark red, of medium size, very firm and quite a heavy yielder. This variety is principally adapted to the south, and probably it has better advantages there than in the northern states. Our stock of this is very fine and of the true type.

BEDAR WOOD (Per)—Berries small and plants small. This variety rusts badly some seasons, and in others it shows no signs of rust. Last season the rust did not seem to affect it. Very productive variety. Planted mostly in the west.

MORGAN'S FAVORITE (Per)—Fruit among the very largest and of excellent flavor and scarlet color. It would be too soft for long distant shipping but extra fine for nearby markets, being one among the very best of the garden collections for family use. The plant is perfect, being large and stalky and makes a medium amount of runners.



Pa. September 11, 1899.
J. G. Harrison & Sons, Dear Friends:—I want to say to you, I think I have the finest bed of plants grown from those bought of you last spring that there is in the country. "I think," and I have been in the strawberry business for 20 years and think I am a judge of plants. When I received the plants last spring it was quite cold here. I made some trenches and healed them in about three inches apart after washing the roots in warm water, and about the 20th of May planted them out and such nice, new roots, I think I never saw the like. Don't think I lost three plants out of the 800. I planted six feet apart and one foot in the row and planted early potatoes between, had a nice crop of potatoes and now have a fine matted row just room enough for picking. I shall if all is well want plants of you for spring setting. Yours with well wishes,
H. P. Greeno.

Maryland, April 3rd, 1899.
Messrs. J. G. Harrison & Sons, Gentlemen:—The strawberry plants came to hand Saturday in good order. They are fine plants and we are much pleased with them. Respectfully yours,
James A. Hughes.

SEAFORD (Imp)—Produces the largest type of bright red berries. Unless properly pollenized with staminate varieties is inclined to be soft. It is very productive, setting as many berries as it can possibly ripen. The plant is perfect with light green foliage, being as large as Sharpless and a good plant maker, showing no signs of rust. We consider it a desirable variety if properly handled.

BRANDYWINE (Per)—We are pleased to say that this variety has done far better this season than any previous year since we have been fruiting it. The fruit is of large size, perfect shape and dark red; firm and a good shipper.

REED'S PROLIFIC—Blossoms of this variety were mostly killed in early part of season and there was but little fruit on them, therefore it did not show up to our expectation. It needs another season's trial before we can recommend them to our customers again.

AROMA (Per)—Plant shows no weakness of any kind. Fruit very large, roundish, conical, rarely mis-shapen, glossy red, of excellent quality and produces in abundance. We could not supply the demand for this variety last year, but this year we have a larger stock of them.

Ill. April 18th, 1899.
Messrs. J. G. Harrison & Sons:—Nursery stock arrived all O. K., in excellent condition. The strawberry plants were fine. In my 20 years of experience with strawberries, I never had better plants nor better count. The apples, peach and cherry are much larger than I expected. Accept thanks for promptness and cordial treatment. Respect., M. R. Wetzel.
P. S.—Asparagus plants fine.

BARTON'S ECLIPSE—Imperfect bloomer. A good standard sort but has been overlooked by some; one of the very best for field crops, a splendid grower and a heavy yielder of large size, good color and highly flavored

berries. You can depend on it every time.

CUMBERLAND—It is the old Cumberland which has been grown for a number of years, it has been cultivated quite extensively on a large scale and in many sections is one of the most saleable varieties; very large, not as bright in color as is desired. Old beds left standing seem to produce more fruit each season if fertilized.

ENORMOUS—A perfect bloomer. There has been considerable said of this but not a word too strong; It is well named and it has made a good record the past season. On light sandy soil it proved to be one of the best varieties in cultivation. We have always praised this variety from the first time we saw the fruit hanging in large clusters as large as Bubach, ripening at midseason. I have never seen it fail when properly cared for.

GANDY BELLE (Per)—The past season it showed to be a very good variety, and we were well pleased with its behavior and found it a healthy, vigorous grower, fruit firm, somewhat acid; a strong plant maker.

GREENVILLE (Imp).—The berries are of large size, good quality and medium texture, color very even and fine, plant very productive, vigorous and free from rust, good grower, season medium to late.

These descriptions of strawberries were taken direct from the field from day to day during picking season and are correct to the best of our judgment and experience. When not tested originators description given only.

Premiums for Orders for Plants received before March 15, except on Collections.

For each one dollar order we will give 6 Bush Cluster and 6 Geo. Triumph.

For each two dollar order, 6 Crocketts Early, 6 Lady Jane.

For each three dollar order, 1 Hero.

For each four dollar order, 1 Hero, 6 Geo. Triumph.

For each five dollar order, 2 Hero.

For each ten dollar order, 5 Hero.

For each twenty dollar order, 6 Hero, 6 Bush Cluster, 6 Lady Jane, 6 Vandiberry.

For each twenty-five dollar order and above, 6 Hero, 6 M. Queen, 6 Portage, 6 Vandiberry. The above premiums are given when mentioned on order.

PRICE LIST.

Half dozen at dozen rate, 50 at hundred rates, and 500 at thousand rates. Price includes packing free of charge.

	12, mail post paid	100 Ex. not pd.	1000 Ex. not pd.
Aroma [Per].....	\$0 20	\$0 50	\$2 50
Bush Cluster.....	50	1 50	10 00
Barton's Eclipse [Imp].....	20	40	2 00
Bedar Wood [per.].....	20	40	2 00
Bubach [Imp].....	20	40	2 00
Bismarck [per].....	20	40	2 00
Brandywine [per].....	20	40	2 00
Clyde [per].....	20	40	2 50
Carrie [imp].....	20	40	2 50
Crescent [Imp].....	20	30	1 50
Cobden Queen [imp].....	20	40	2 50
Columbian [per].....	20	40	2 00
Cumberland [per.].....	20	40	2 00
Crockett's Early.....	50	1 50	10 00
Darling [per].....	20	40	2 00
Delaware [per].....	20	40	2 00
Dayton [per].....	20	40	2 00
Excelsior [per].....	20	40	2 50
Enormous [per].....	20	40	2 00
Gandy [per].....	20	40	2 00
Gandy Belle [per].....	20	40	2 00
Greenville [imp].....	20	40	2 00
Glen Mary [per].....	20	50	2 50
Geo.'s Triumph.....	50	1 50	10 00
H. & H.	20	40	2 00
Hero [per].....	\$1.00 each	\$5.00	
Haverland [imp.].....	20	30	1 75
Hoffman [per].....	20	30	1 75
Hersey [per].....	25	80	5 00
Imp.'d Parker Early [per]...	20	50	3 50
Jerry Rusk [per].....	20	40	2 50
Jersey Market [imp].....	20	40	2 00
Lady Thompson [per].....	20	30	1 75
Lady Jane.....	50	1 50	10 00
Lovett [per].....	20	40	2 00
Manwell [per].....	20	40	2 50
Marshall [per].....	20	50	3 00
Morgan's Favorite [per].....	20	50	2 50
Mitchel's Early [per].....	20	30	1 50
M. Queen.....	50	1 50	
Nick Ohmer [per].....	20	50	3 50
Ocean City [per].....	20	40	2 50
Parsons Beauty [per].....	20	40	2 50
Pride of Cumberland [per].....	20	40	2 50
Pocomoke [per].....	20	50	3 00
Paris King [per].....	20	40	2 00
Reid's Prolific [per].....	20	40	2 00
Portage.....	50	1 50	10 00
Sharpless [per].....	20	40	2 00
Sample [imp].....	20	40	2 50
Star [per].....	20	40	2 50
Seaford [imp].....	20	40	2 00
Saunders [per].....	20	40	2 00
Tennessee Prolific [per].....	20	0	1 50
Vandiberry.....	50	1 50	
Warfield [imp].....	20	30	1 50
Wm. Belt [per].....	20	40	2 00

Plants can be shipped at any time after this catalogue is received.

If more than 10,000 plants are wanted, ask for special price

Minnesota, May 1, 1899.

Messrs. J. G. Harrison & Sons, Gents:—The plants arrived in fine shape. They are a fine lot of plants and I am well pleased with them F. J. Empenger.

British Columbia, Oct. 26, 1899.

Messrs. J. G. Harrison & Sons, Dear Sirs:—I am in receipt of the strawberry plants which came to hand last Friday. They are in first class condition after coming so far. Arthur C. C. Stratford.

Tennessee, March 20, 1899.

Messrs. J. G. Harrison & Sons, Dear Sirs:—The strawberry plants came in good condition and are first class. For your liberal count accept thanks and I will remember you with more liberal orders in the future. John B. Lawrence.

Illinois, March 29 1899.

Dear Sirs:—The strawberry plants I ordered from you came in due time fresh as when dug. I planted them the same day and all are growing finely. Thanks for extra plants. Will give you a larger order next spring.

Respectfully, W. P. Strunk.

Massachusetts, April 29, 1899.

Messrs. J. G. Harrison & Sons, Dear Sirs:—Plants received in good condition. Have had my doubts about Southern plants but your painstaking packing seems to overcome prejudice. Please send me catalogue next spring and you will get order. Very truly,

W. H. Russell,

New York, May 5th, 1899.

MESSRS. HARRISON & SONS, Gents:—Your second shipment of plants to hand. I certainly am your debtor for the kindness. I was quite sure that your intentions were alright and I fully realize the difficulty of getting everything done just right in the rush of work at this season. Respectfully, F. W. Vail.

Alabama, April 22, 1899.

J. G. Harrison & Sons, Dear Sirs:—Enclosed please find check for balance due on trees. The shipment of trees arrived in prime condition and I was well pleased with them. In fact out of several shipments, which aggregated 12,000 trees and plants which I received this spring, I think I can truthfully say that your lot was superior to all. They excelled in having large, fibrous roots and healthy stalks. Thanking you for the kind treatment you have accorded me I am, yours very respectfully.

N. E. Cloud,



\$1.00 COLLECTIONS BY MAIL POST PAID.

Strawberry collections from early to late.

No. 1—6 each of Carrie, Pocomoke, Bush Cluster, Lady Jane and 25 Excelsior.**No. 2**—6 each of Georgia Triumph, Crockett's Early, May Queen, Portage, Paris King, and 25 Excelsior.**No. 3**—6 each of Vandiberry, Nick Ohmer, Parsons' Beauty, Paris King, Portage, and 25 Excelsior.**\$1.00 BY EXPRESS NOT PAID.****No. 4**—25 each of Carrie, Pocomoke, Bush Cluster, Lady Jane, Georgia Triumph, and 100 each of Excelsior and Gandy.**No. 5**—25 each of Crockett's Early, May Queen, Portage, Paris King, Vandiberry, and 100 each of Pocomoke and Tennessee Prolific.**No. 6**—25 each of Nick Ohmer, Parsons Beauty, Pocomoke, Georgia Triumph, Crockett's Early, Lady Jane and 100 Excelsior and 50 Bismarck.

Any three of the above for \$2.50

\$2 TREE COLLECTIONS BY MAIL POST PAID.**No. 7**—One each of Mammoth Black Twig, York Imperial, Grimes Golden, Red Astrachan, apple trees. One each White Heath Cling, Beauty B., Connecticut, Holderbaum, Matthews Beauty, Delaware, Frances, Victor peach. One each of Hale, Wickson, Abundance and Burbank plum.**\$3.00 COLLECTION.****No. 8**—2 each Early Harvest, Mammoth Black Twig, Yellow Transparent, Ben-Davis, Grimes Golden, Smoke House, York Imperial, Transcendent Crab apples. Two each of Abundance, Hale and Wickson plums. One each of Frances, Bokara, Delaware and Victor peach trees.**\$5 COLLECTION BY EXPRESS NOT PAID.****No. 9**—Four each, small trees 2 to 3 feet, Mammoth Black Twig, York Imperial, Smoke House, Red Astrachan, Grimes Golden, Smith's Cider, Maiden Blush, Yellow Transparent apples. Four each of Delaware, Matthew's Beauty, Holderbaum, Emma, Carman, Bokara, McIntosh, Beauty B., White Heath Cling, Sneed, 2 Victor, and 2 Frances peach. Four each of Hale, Burlank, Abundance, Wickson Plum trees.

N. J. May 9th, 1899
 Messrs. Harrison & Sons, Dear Sirs:—I took my raspberry plants out of the trench this morning and planted them. I want to be as prompt in giving you credit for your more than Methodist count as I was in finding fault with the shortage in the asparagus roots. The Raspberry and strawberry counts were surely heaped up and pressed down and running over and I am well pleased with the quality and quantity both and I am also well pleased at your promptness in rectifying the mistake for which I do not think any the less of you, for we are all liable to make mistakes in the busy seasons, and in the appreciation of your kindness and liberality. I will surely call on you again when I need anything in your line. Don't forget to send your catalogue next spring. I remain,
 Yours in the business, L. C. Medkiff.

Mo. March 26th, 1899.

Messrs. Harrison, Dear Sirs:—The strawberry plants came in fine condition. The plants are nice and just the article I wanted.

Ulrich Zehendner.

Peach Trees.

Our efforts to retain some old well tested valuable varieties caused our start to grow peaches from the first planting of seed sufficient to grow 2000 trees until now our budding list averages more than a million each season. We are second to none in the United States, as peach growers. Our particular points are, first; the selection of the best seed that can be obtained; second, soil that is particularly adapted where peaches have not been grown; third, thorough cultivation; 4th, with one of the firm to look personally after the cutting of the buds and to see that they are kept true to label.

Peaches will succeed on a great variety of soils. "Worn-out land and poor sandy soils that would require years of careful handling to produce a good crop of grain, can be readily utilized for peach land, and is preferred to land that is stronger. Improve the land after trees are set.

Drive the nail in good and solid but do not over do the thing and split the plank.

The man who is afraid to run the risk of planting either trees or plants has a small chance in the fruit business. Starting with such land, I would proceed by first plowing and pulverizing, then dig holes large enough to accommodate the roots. Use the soil to cover the roots and tread firmly with the foot. Leave three or four inches of the hole to be filled with well rotted manure or compost (if it contains wood ashes all the better,) then cover with any soil. This will be enough fertilizer for the first year. Good cultivation must follow or failure will result.

For two or three years the land can be cultivated with other crops, adding fertilizer to make them. After the first year broadcast and cultivate in, plenty of good wood ashes or muriate of potash and phosphoric acid.

Seed with crimson clover the third year in 7th month, turn under the next 5th month and cultivate. Repeat this for several years and note the result. If growth of wood and foliage get to strong, stop fertilizing and cultivate only.

On rich land that will produce 50 to 75 bushels of corn, I would use no manure around the tree, but some potash, perhaps. If cropping between the trees would use fertilizer to make that crop, but would watch the trees closely, and if I found them hungry, would feed with phosphoric acid and potash in the shape of muriate or kainit.

Always bear in mind that over stimulated peach trees will be sensitive to low temperature, fruit will be poor in color and more subject to fungus diseases. *Avoid cold, wet, low land.*

Whether planted in fall or spring, prune just about the time the tree starts growth. Prune to a switch, leaving no laterals as the tree will make all it needs.

Much might be said about the fruit and marketing, but this would require a volume. The most important point is not to allow a tree to overbear. *Never prop a limb to prevent breaking, but thin the fruit. This will make better fruit and longer lived trees.*

Fruit should be graded and culls utilized without sending to market, unless when very scarce.

Plant good trees in good land and success is only a matter of time.

JUNE BUDDED PEACH TREES.

They are grown from natural Tennessee peach seed and on land that has never grown peach trees, and they are clean and healthy.

A June budded tree is one that is budded in June, the same season it sprouts from the seed. After being budded it is cut back and makes a growth from July 1st till first, the roots only being one year's growth and the bud about 90 days growth, this gives us a well developed tree with lots of fibrous roots. When taken up the fibers all come up and you get the entire roots and tap root not cut. It is of great importance to have the tap root. There are orchards we sold four years ago, June budded trees that bore a heavy crop the past season. The customers will not plant anything but June buds again.

Ind. Nov. 25th, 1899,
J. G. Harrison:—The June buds which you sent me some time ago arrived in good shape and all right for which please accept many thanks.
Respectfully W. C. Smith

Description of Peaches,

Given from our own knowledge, and the best authority of the new ones by the originators.

Victor—The originator describes it as the earliest peach known, ripening ten days earlier than the Sneed. The tree is a very vigorous compact grower, and regular and immense bearer. The fruit is of a very pleasant sub-acid flavor, equals the Alexander in size, ripens thoroughly and is a semi cling. A seedling of the Chinese Cling crossed with Spanish blood, bordering on the Indian type. Ripened its whole crop of fruit in 1897 between May 8 and 16th on the originator's grounds in Smith County, Texas. To confirm this statement we would say that the Victor is the earliest peach we have ever known to be in this state. We received two specimens by mail coming in very good condition after being packed fifteen days and they reached here on May 30th. The fruit is from medium to large for such an early peach, somewhat



1/4 NATURAL SIZE.

of the type of Chinese Cling, red blush, of excellent flavor, and for earliness we have not been able to find a peach that will excel this; and those who are looking for the earliest peach grown, by all means should plant Victor. We are offering trees of this variety in June buds only and will mail them anywhere in the United States at 50 each post paid; \$5 per dozen, \$25 per hundred, by express.

Holderbaum—This champion of all peaches originated in the year 1880 from seed planted by Mr. Edward McDowell in his garden, in the town of Somerset, Pa., one of the highest and coldest points on the Alleghany mountains where the Mercury often drops to 25 and 26 degrees below zero.

The Originator describes it as follows: "The size of the matured fruit is immense, many specimens measuring from 12 to 14 inches in circumference. In color it is of a light cream yellow, with a beautiful red cheek on the sunny side. In texture it is very firm, of fine quality and a perfect free-stone. The pit is very small and the flesh is light yellow, streaked with red from the surface to the center and the most exquisite flavor. Ripens, August 1st.

Climax—This is a new variety from Texas, ripening just before the Victor is gone, and having a much better flavor. Will also hold a very prominent place among the fruit growers when it has become known. The shape of this peach is not fancied by some fruit growers, being that it is very round, although they are being set by the thousands. Owing to its most excellent flavor it is considered by some to be the best and most excellent peach for the amateur grower as second earliest. We only have them in June buds and will make the price in reach of all, being only 25c each by mail post paid to any address in the United States; \$2.50 per dozen, \$12.50 per hundred. June buds only.

One of our customers to whom we sold over 75,000 peach trees for a commercial orchard writes the following after they were all delivered:

West Virginia, November 28, 1899.
J. G. Harrison & sons, Gentlemen:—All your trees have arrived in good order and are entirely satisfactory. For the number they are a magnificent lot of trees and I hope to get good results from them. Thanking you for your promptness and good packing, I am,

Yours truly,

H. W. Miller.



Frances—In this new variety we believe we have one which is equal to the old standard Elberta in every respect and ripens after it. This new peach is destined to become as popular as Elberta, which it follows closely in ripening. By the time the latter is done the Frances is ready for shipment. It thus prevents the occurrence of a break in the succession and reaches market at a time when peaches command the highest price because the beautiful Elberta has created the demand. It is one of the handsomest peaches ever grown, being of a beautiful shade of yellow, covered almost entirely with brilliant red. In size it is about the equal of Elberta, average specimens measuring nine inches in circumference. It is very productive; the originator cut a branch nine inches long on which were growing nine full sized peaches. The cut shows the Frances full size, and gives a good idea of its beautiful shape. It is a true freestone, with particularly solid flesh, and as a "shipper" is absolutely without a rival. Price 50c each, \$5 per dozen, \$25 per 100. June buds at half price.

A noted Horticulturist in expressing his opinion of the Frances peach, says that the quality is at least as good as Elberta and will be a decidedly more valuable peach as it immediately follows Elberta in the season of ripening.

A noted fruit grower in Shreveport, La., says that the Frances peach is hard to excel in flavor, as well as beauty, and is surely all that is claimed for it. Hence it should stand in the class as second to none.

The Texas Farm and Ranch says: It has not seen anything that is superior to the Frances in its season, being a yellow freestone, large, delicious and handsome.

D. C. April 26th. 1899.

Messrs. J. G. Harrison & Sons, Gents:—The 28,000 strawberry plants you shipped me came in first class condition. I am much pleased with your promptness and care in filling orders. I shall remember you again when in want of plants and trees. Yours truly, B. B. Earnshaw.

Delaware—This valuable peach comes from the little Diamond State, which



is noted for growing fine peaches. The growers of this noted fruit section know a good variety when they see it and when this most desirable one of its season was brought to public notice, it at once gained favor. It is a large peach, ripens with the earliest, of good shipping qualities, bright red color with white flesh, as large as Mountain Rose and ripening with Troth's Early and Hale's Early. Thoroughly tested by some of the best growers to be a variety distinct from others and it is destined to stay. In quality it is among the best, a good shipper; unlike most extra early varieties that do well south but do not succeed here, but a variety that will suit the

planter in a general way, and will be planted by some of the best growers. Just imagine a variety ripening with Troth's Early, as large as Mountain Rose; we have them and are offering them at the following prices: One year trees 25c each, \$2.50 per dozen. June buds half price.

Waddell—This remarkable new peach belongs to the North China type, which is the most hardy, vigorous and reliable of any class we have. The tree is a heavy stalky grower, with the low, spreading habits so distinctive of its class, and while it is not quite so irregular as Sneed, it is somewhat like it. Its fruit buds and blossoms are among the most hardy, and twice since 1890 it has produced a full crop of fruit when other standard varieties failed entirely.

I believe except in very rare instances, it will prove to be a sure annual bearer, which is an exceedingly strong point in its favor.

Mr. Waddell, the originator, writes me: "The blossoms were frozen stiff one year and yet it bore a crop of fruit when other varieties were all killed. The fruit is of medium to large size, oblong, rich, creamy white, with bright blush on sunny side, often covering two thirds of the peach; skin thick, flesh firm, rich, sweet, and melting when fully ripe; freestone; almost as large and fine in appearance as Belle of Georgia or Oldmixon, but ripens fully a month ahead of those super varieties or soon after August 1st here in Central Connecticut."



$\frac{1}{4}$ NATURAL SIZE.

"A hardy peach of such size and beauty, ripening so early, is bound to be profitable; fruit from 100 Waddell trees in early August is likely to bring more money than the fruit of 500 other trees in September. I am willing to risk my

peach reputation on the claim that Waddell is the largest, most beautiful, finest flavored, best shipping and longest keeping peach of its season yet tested.

The above is J. H. Hale's description. Our buds came from him. One year trees 25c each; \$2 per dozen; \$15 per 100. June, 15c each; \$1 per dozen.



Mathews' Beauty—We received a sample of this fruit last season and to say the least, it was one of the finest peaches of its season we have ever seen grow. It is a cross between Elberta and Smock showing a parentage of both. The fruit is of large size above medium; shaped similar to Elberta but a little longer.

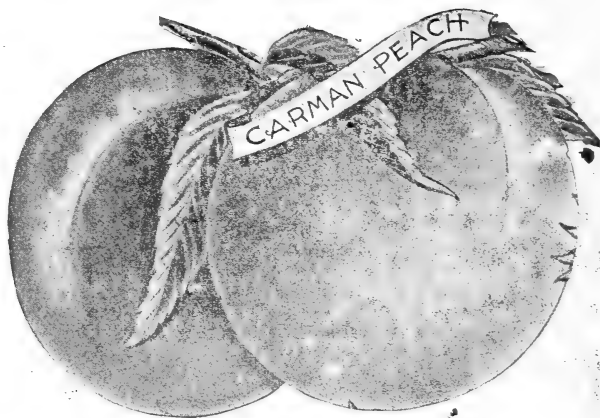
In the section where it was originated, a noted fruit man says it is the most valuable succession to Elberta so far introduced. In comparison it is a size larger and far superior in quality while its bearing and shipping qualities are just as good. Its season of ripening is three weeks later than Elberta which still adds to its value. Skin golden yellow, streaked with red; flesh yellow, firm and of excellent flavor. Perfect freestone. The original tree of Mathews' Beauty has been in bearing for eight years and missed but one crop in that time keeping up its high standard one year with another. Price 20c each; \$2 dozen, \$10 per 100. June buds half price.

BOXING AND BALING FREE
At Catalogue Price.

PRICE OF PEACHES—Standard Kinds.

	EACH.	DOZ.	HUN.	THOUS.
First class, extra, 5 to 7 feet.....	\$0 15	\$1 00	\$6 00	\$50 00
First class, 4 to 6 feet	10	80	5 00	45 00
First class, medium, 3 to 5 feet	10	75	4 50	40 00
First class, light, 3 to 4 feet.....	8	60	4 00	35 00
First class, branched, 2½ to 3 feet	6	50	3 00	25 00
First class, whips, light, 1½ to 2½ feet....	5	40	2 50	20 00
First class June Buds 1½ to 2 feet.....	5	50	3 00	25 00
Second class, June Buds, 12 to 18 inches.	4	40	2 50	20 00
Third class, June Buds, 6 to 8 inches....	4	30	2 00	15 00

If June buds are to go by mail add \$1 per 100; if per dozen add 15 cents. We can send 1½ to 2½ feet, one year trees, by mail as well.



Carman—A peach of North China type that promises great value. The originator says it is either a seedling of or a sister to Elberta; tree of same habit of growth, only has larger and darker colored foliage. Tree hardy and productive, and fruit practically rot proof, as original tree, standing in low, wet ground, has perfected its fruit two seasons, while other varieties all about have rotted entirely. Carman is described as large, broad oval in form, pointed; skin yellowish white, dotted and flushed red; flesh creamy white, slightly tinged red, of a sprightly vinous flavor. *The Rural New Yorker* first described it some years ago as an extra large, yellow peach, like Elberta, only five weeks earlier; it certainly is of Elberta type, but it is not strictly a yellow, neither is it white. *The Texas Farm and Ranch* says: "Carman peach is of large size, oblong, resembling Elberta, and is the best flavored early peach we know; the skin is tough, and it is just the peach to ship a long distance." The above is J. H. Hale's description.

Emma—Described by the originator as being very large, yellow with light crimson cheek; flesh yellow, fine grained, very juicy, quality among the best, a freestone. In maturity it follows immediately after Elberta. Where this peach has been shipped to the market it has always commanded an extra price over the other varieties. It is better in quality than Elberta. As this valuable variety comes from the home of the Elberta, fruit growers should not hesitate to make a thorough trial of this at once. We believe that it is a variety that will do well with us. One year old trees, 25c each, \$2 per dozen, \$10 per 100.

Beauty's Blush—"A cross-bred seedling of Chinese Cling and Tillottson. Fruit uniformly large, high colored, melting and delicious. Five-year-old trees averaging three bushels of fruit each, and sold in market at \$3.50 to \$4 per half bushel crate. Ripe from 20th of June to 10th of July. A perfect freestone." From Georgia.—Introducer's description.

Twelve • Peach • Winners.

TESTED VARIETIES THAT BEAT THE ROCKS.

Mt. Rose—A variety of very great value; very profitable for market and is steadily growing in favor. Fruit large, roundish, skin whiteish nearly covered with light and dark rich red, flesh white slightly stained at the stone, juicy and sweet. Separates freely from the stone. Ripens just after the Troth's Early, but is much larger than that variety and should be in every collection.

Champion—originated in Illinois. Fruit large, beautiful in appearance, flavor delicious, sweet rich and juicy, skin creamy white with red cheek; freestone and a good shipper, ripening about the 10th of August. The peculiarity of this great acquisition is its hardiness, and the crowning events in its history are its having stood a temperature of 18 degrees below zero in the winter of 1887-8 and produced an abundant crop the following season and again in 1890 produced a full crop when the peach crop was a universal failure.

Elberta—An exceedingly large, light colored yellow peach with red cheek. Flesh yellow, juicy and highly flavored. This is truly a fine peach, noted for its large size and fine appearance. A cross between Crawford's and Chinese Cling. No other peach has made such a name for shipping and none is cultivated more extensively. Ripens early in August.

Fitzgerald—Originated on the north shore of Lake Ontario. Original tree has born five successive crops. The best posted growers in Michigan say it is as large or larger than Crawford's Early, with the smallest pit I ever saw and the most brilliant color; grows similar to Crawford and ripens between Early and Late Crawford; flesh rich, deep golden yellow with high character, certainly a very fine peach, stands the winter better than any yet offered.

Reeve's Favorite—Fruit large, roundish, with a fine red cheek; flesh deep yellow, red at stone, juicy, melting, with a good vinous flavor, excellent. One of the largest and handsomest peaches and should be in every orchard. Tree is hardy and productive. A good freestone.

Stump the World—Very large, roundish, skin white with a bright red cheek; flesh white, juicy and high flavored, freestone. Very productive and one of the best market varieties.

Old Nixon Free—This is a fine, large, productive variety, succeeding well in all localities and well deserving of the high favor in which it is held as an orchard variety. Skin yellowish white with a red cheek, flesh white but red at the stone, tender, rich and excellent. August.

Fox Seedling—A very valuable peach ripening at a time that makes it desirable, being in September. Large, skin white with red cheek, flesh melting, sweet and good. A desirable sort for canning or marketing. Freestone and a reliable bearer.

Globe—Originated in Pennsylvania. An improvement on Crawford's Late. Fruit large, golden yellow with red blush; flesh yellow, sweet, firm and delicious, uniformly large, freestone. Last of September.

Stephen's Rareripe—Large, white, shaded and mottled red, flesh white, juicy, vinous, of high quality, hardy, a heavy and regular bearer. One of the finest late white peaches, and every large planter should include this in his orchard as a profitable sort.

Chair's Choice—Originated in Anne Arundel county, Md. Fruit of very large size, yellow with a red cheek, flesh yellow, firm and of good quality; tree a strong grower and a good bearer. Ripens just before Smock.

Crawfords Late—A superb fruit of very large size, skin yellow with a broad dark red cheek; flesh deep yellow but red at the stone, juicy and melting with a rich and excellent vinous flavor. This is undoubtedly one of the very best yellow peaches and an admirable market fruit. Tree vigorous and productive, freestone. Middle of August.

General List of Varieties.

Amsden June—Very much like Alexander. Fruit full, medium size, roundish; skin nearly covered with light and dark red, almost purplish in the sun.

Alexander—Of large size, nearly round, with a shallow suture, skin greenish white, nearly covered with deep red, turning to almost purple in the sun; flesh firm, white; juicy and sweet adhering slightly to the stone, which is small.

Bilyeu's Late October—Almost the last peach in the market ripening after Smock and Salway. Fruit of large size; color white, with beautiful blush cheek; flesh white, freestone and an excellent shipper. Does well in Western Maryland and West Virginia.

Bokara No. 3.—Remarkable for its extreme hardiness, having endured a temperature of 28° below zero without injury. It is of Asiatic origin but has been fruited several years especially in Iowa where it ripens about the middle of August. The fruit is large, specimens having measured seven inches in circumference; yellow rich cheek, tough skin; flesh firm and of fine quality. A perfect freestone and a good keeper.

Brandywine—A peach closely resembling the Crawford's Late in appearance but ripening about ten days later, equally as large as the former. A very desirable freestone peach. Flesh yellow and firm.

Crawford's Early—This beautiful yellow peach is highly esteemed for market purposes. Fruit very large, oblong; skin yellow with fine red cheek; flesh yellow, juicy, sweet, excellent; tree exceedingly vigorous and productive. One of the old standard varieties but not planted as extensively as years ago.

Connett's Southern Early—A seedling of the old Chinese Cling, which originated in Guilford County, North Carolina. It has extra large fruit of a cream white shade; having a beautiful blush next to the sun.

Crosby—Medium size, bright orange yellow, streaked with carmine. On account of its beautiful color and fine quality it commands ready sale in competition with best standard market sorts. Claimed to be the hardest of all peaches. Good for both home and market. September.

Connecticut—A grand New England peach of exceptional hardiness of fruit bud and so valuable otherwise as to place it in the foremost rank of hardy peaches. Large, and handsome golden yellow with red cheek, rich and fine in quality with a superior high flavor, and to all yet more to its great value it ripens early before Crawford's Early. Hon. J. M. Hubbard, peach commissioner for State of Connecticut, considers it the finest yellow peach known, especially for the trying winter climate of the north. First class trees 20c each, \$1.75 per dozen by express; June bud 10c each, \$1. per dozen by mail post paid.

Chinese Cling—Fruit large, roundish, oval; skin transparent cream color, with marbling of red next the sun; flesh creamy white, very juicy and melting, with a rich, agreeable flavor. Last of July.

Early Rivers—A large peach of a pale strawcolor, with a delicate pink cheek, flesh with a delicate pink tint. Middle of July.

Greensboro—A wonderful new variety originated in Greensboro, N. C., ripening earlier than Alexander and nearly double its size. It is a great bearer, the tree being annually loaded with fruit, which is large yellowish white, beautifully colored with crimson cheek; flesh white, very juicy and of fine quality; skin thin and rubs off easily. It differs also from most early peaches in being entirely free from rot. It is a great surprise to behold peaches of such size, ripening before Alexander in such abundance and in quality among the best.

Foster—Large, deep orange red becoming very dark red on the sunny side; flesh yellow, very rich and juicy with sub acid flavor. Resembles Crawford's Early but larger and probably a little heavier bearer. A very handsome freestone.

Early Michigan—One of the earliest freestone, white flesh varieties. A profitable market sort much like Lewis. Has given great satisfaction in the western section of the country. Hardy and prolific.

Hale's Early—An excellent peach when it succeeds, but unfortunately it is so liable to rot before and at time of ripening that it is not advisable to plant in some places on that account; it does, however, succeed well in some places and mostly in elevated lands toward and among the mountains and it should have a place in the orchards. July.

Kalamazoo—Large, golden yellow, with crimson cheek, flesh thick yellow, superb quality, small pit. Strong grower, early bearer, hardy and productive. Between Early and Late Crawford.

Lemon Free—It is almost lemon shape, being longer than broad, color a pale lemon when ripe, of large size, excellent quality, sweet and rich, exceedingly productive, a sure bearer.

Lewis—Vigorous grower, medium size, white with crimson cheek. One of the earliest freestones.

Lorentz—A seedling discovered in Marshall county, W. Va., and has never been known to fail a crop, even in most unfavorable seasons. It bears crops when others fail entirely. It is usually large of superior flavor, freestone, yellow flesh and handsome appearance. Has been a surprise to all who have seen it. Season of ripening after Smock.

Levy's Late (Henrietta)—Fruit large, roundish, skin deep yellow, a shade of rich brownish red in the sun, flesh deep yellow, rather firm, juicy, half melting, sweet, very good, and a valuable variety, clingstone. First to last of Oct.

Moore's Favorite—A handsome large peach, white with blush to the sun, similar to Old Mixon but a few days later; flesh white, tender and juicy, very desirable. Freestone. August.

McIntosh Peach—Endorsed by 12 eminent nurserymen. A valuable new seedling peach originated on our fruit farms two miles south of Griffin, Ga. Peach of large size, creamy white flesh highly colored, nearly freestone, ripens to the stone, of good quality, ripens just after Triumph, this season, 1896, from June 20th to July 1st. The original tree bore first crop of fruit in 1893; fruit was large and highly colored. Last season, 1895 the tree and top grafts budded in 1893 were full of fruit, which did not rot, while other varieties rotted badly; ripened July 10th. This year the tree had on a full crop of fine fruit, only medium in size on account of drouth. The tree is a strong grower, heavy bearer, trees require thinning fruit. It is the best peach that ripens between Triumph and Elberta, and far superior in size, quality and shipping to Mt. Rose, Early Rivers, Tileston, Hale's Early, Huster No. 16, Foster Lady Ingold, which ripens between Triumph and Elberta—Originator.

Morris White—Rather large, skin creamy white tinged with red in the sun, flesh slightly firm, white to the stone, melting and juicy, with an excellent flavor. Tree vigorous and bears fair crops. One of the very best for preserving on account of its entire absence of red at the stone. Middle of August.

New Prolific—Fruit large, golden yellow with rich red cheek, flavor unsurpassed. Tree very hard and exceedingly productive. Bears fruit in large clusters. September.

Old Mixon Cling—Large yellowish white, dotted with red on a red cheek; flesh pale white; very melting and juicy, with an exceedingly rich luscious flavor. One of the most desirable clingstone peaches. Middle of August.

Salway—A large, late yellow freestone, of English origin, handsomely mottled with a brownish red cheek; flesh deep yellow; juicy, melting, rich, very productive; a variety growing more and more in favor with orchardists. Ripens after Smock Free.

Smock—Fruit medium to large, skin light orange yellow, mottled with red; some specimens dry, others moderately juicy, but all rich. Excellent as a late market sort.

Walker Variegated Free—A fine white peach ripening after Smock with a beautiful red side; flesh white, rich and sweet. One of the very best of its season, ripening in September. A most excellent variety for canners.

Sneed—A variety of the Chinese Cling family and the earliest peach known. The tree possesses the hardiness and vigor of its class and is a productive bearer. Fruit medium to large, inclining to oval, rich creamy white with bright crimson blush, flesh firm, sweet, fine quality; ripens evenly to the pit and does not rot. A very desirable peach and valuable on account of its extreme earliness for either the home garden or market.

Triumph—A very early yellow freestone peach ripening with Alexander. Blooms late, has large flowers; is a sure and abundant bearer and makes a very strong growth. The fruit is large with a very small pit, and is indeed beautiful. Surface is yellow nearly covered with red and dark crimson. In the sun flesh bright yellow, free when fully ripe and of excellent flavor.

Wonderful—Large to very large, uniform in shape and size, color rich golden yellow, overspread with carmine and crimson. Flesh yellow highly flavored and firm, bright red at the pit which is small and parts freely from the flesh. October, and a good keeper.

Wheatland—An improvement upon Crawford's Late, and ripens just in advance of it extra large, beautiful golden yellow with a crimson cheek; flesh yellow, rather firm, juicy, sweet and of fine quality, tree vigorous, very productive. August.

Wilett—The famous New York Peach.

White Heath Cling—Fruit very large, skin a pale yellowish white with a faint blush or tinge of red in the sun; flesh greenish white, very tender and melting exceedingly juicy with a sweet, rich, high, and luscious flavor, tree hardy and vigorous. Middle of September, and sometimes keeps a month after being taken from the tree.

Wilkin's Cling—A seedling of Heath but larger, sometimes called Ringold Mammoth. Its originator thinks it the most valuable peach in cultivation. Ripens in October.

Waterloo—Medium to large, good specimens measuring nine inches in circumference and weighing five ounces. Color pale whitish green in the shade, marbled with red, deepening into dark purple crimson in the sun. Flesh greenish white with abundance of sweet, vinous juice. Semi cling, Ripens with Amsden June.

YOU cannot spend too much money in buying good fruit trees.

Yellow St. John—One of the most beautiful and profitable yellow free stones. Large, flesh yellow, equal in flavor to Crawford's. Very juicy and sweet.

Apples.

The apple is the most companionable of fruits. It is a part of the old home. The trees leaned over the fences and grew on the hillsides when we first chased over the fields in the red October days; they shook their petals of pink and white over the honey suckles in the old garden like belated drifts of snow; in the gnarled branches the robin gave the first news of spring and from the

The life of an orchard depends very much on the character of the soil on which it is planted.

crotches a young brood flew in the early days of June. We cannot remember the time when we first knew the apple tree. Every year it has whitened the landscape with its wealth of bloom and every autumn the fruits have reddened in the sun.

And the memories of the long winter evenings at home are fragrant with the crisp and juicy fruit. Like old friends and old places, it is inseparable from that compound of experiences which we call ourselves. And yet people are asking if apples pay? Does it pay to live, to eat, to think? Does it ever fail to pay to raise what every one wants? In these times it never pays to raise common things in common ways. It does not pay to raise apple if apples receive no part of the farmer's care or thought. Neglected orchards like neglected children are an unpleasant heritage.

How many young men look upon an apple orchard as an investment? Land worth twenty dollars to day will be worth one hundred or two hundred dollars in ten years if it has a good orchard and the cost of the improvement is nothing for the immediate use of the land in the meantime should at least return all outlay. Every man who cares for his orchard as he would for other crops from which he expects to reap a profit knows that apples pay and they must always pay as the demand is keeping in advance of the supply. Good fruit in the right market pays; poor fruit hustled off to the handiest market does not pay. Intelligent effort is needed for the development of man as for the improvement of apples.

If you want big apples, take care of the orchard. A good many people expect their orchards to bear big crops of fruit under methods of cultivation that would not produce enough of any field crop to pay for harvesting.

PRICE OF APPLES.

Except York Imperial 4c extra; except two light grades, 2c extra.

	EACH.	DOZ.	HUND.
Extra 6 to 7 feet	25	\$2 50	\$15 00
Extra 5 to 6 feet	20	2 00	12 00
First class medium 4 to 6 feet.....	15	1 50	10 00
First class second size 4 to 5 feet	12	1 25	9 00
Light grade 3 to 4 feet.....	10	1 00	8 00
Light grade 2 to 3 feet.....	08	75	6 00

☞ All trees boxed and baled free at Catalogue price.

SUMMER APPLES.

Early Harvest—Medium to large, roundish, bright straw color; flesh nearly white; tender, juicy, crisp with rich, sprightly sub acid flavor. Tree a moderate grower and very productive. Taking all its qualities into consideration this has no superior among early apples. June to July.

The Spaniards say: "A woman's advice is no great thing, but a man is a fool that does not take it," especially when she consults him to plant fruit trees.

Early Strawberry—Medium size, roundish, bright red, flesh tender with a mild, fine flavor; quality very good and valuable for

home use but rather small for much profit. July to August.

Red Astrachan—Rather large, approaching conical, covered with deep crimson overspread with a thick bloom; flesh juicy, rich, and acid; from its earliness, handsome appearance, its excellent culinary qualities and the vigor of the tree it is worthy of general cultivation. One of the best of early apples to plant for profit, ripening with Early Harvest. Above medium size, skin pale yellow, flesh white, tender, juicy, and of excellent quality; tree is a vigorous and upright grower; gives general satisfaction, does well everywhere and ripens among the earliest.

AUTUMN APPLES.

Maiden's Blush—Rather large, oblate, smooth, regular with a fine evenly shaded red cheek or blush on a clear pale yellow ground; flesh white, tender and sprightly with a pleasant sub acid flavor. This variety forms a handsome rapid growing tree with a fine spreading head and bears large crops. Valuable for market, also for drying. September to November.

Delaware, April 17, 1899.
Messrs. J. G. Harrison & Sons
Dear Sirs:—Enclosed find P. O. Money Order to pay for the apple trees I bought of you which I am well pleased with.
Yours truly,
Phillip C. Matthews.

Fallwater—Large roundish, slightly ovate conical, very regular and smooth; skin yellowish green with dull red cheek; flesh greenish white, fine grained, with a mild, slightly sub acid flavor. Tree a strong grower and good bearer; fruit uniformly fair, highly deserving extensive cultivation. Fall.

Gravenstein—Large, striped red and yellow; flesh tender, juicy, very rich, high flavor, very productive and a popular variety. September. One year trees.

Wealthy—A most valuable apple of fine size, appearance and quality; a good market apple of its season; whitish yellow ground, shaded with deep rich crimson in the sun. obscure, broken strips and mottlings in the shade. sometimes entirely covered with crimson; flesh white, fine grained, tender, juicy, virous and sub acid. Tree is healthy, hardy and productive.

Ohio, Nov. 28th. 1899.

Mess. J. G. Harrison & Sons, Berlin, Md., Gents:—The trees came all O. K. and are the finest trees by far I ever bought. I will want more and will always give you my patronage. I extend my thanks for same also for your promptness in filling my order.

Respectfully. A. J. Radabaugh.

Since the fruit will keep fully ten days after ripening makes it particularly adapted for early shipping.

Yellow Transparent—A Russian apple of great value, ripens with Early Harvest.

FOUR WINNERS OF WINTER APPLES.

Mammoth Black Twig, York Imperial, Winesap and Ben Davis



Mammoth Black Twig—Originated in Arkansas. A seedling of the Winesap which it resembles, but it is superior in many ways. Large, deep red, subacid, early and abundant bearer and a good keeper. Tree is a strong grower and roots well. This valuable winter apple has but few equals.

York Imperial—Medium size, oval, angular, skin greenish yellow, nearly covered with bright red, flesh crisp, tender and juicy, aromatic; an enormous bearer and hangs well on the tree; it is also a good keeper retaining its flavor to the last. We cannot say too much in favor of this apple. All things considered it is scarcely second to any now grown as a profitable orchard variety.

February to April. Four cents extra from other varieties, except two light grades, 2 cents extra.

Winesap—We can hardly find words sufficiently strong to express the high opinion we have of this fruit, possessing as it does, a combination of so many excellent qualities. For cider it has but few equals; for table it stands among the best; for keeping it is justly esteemed, and for bearing it scarcely has a rival. Considering all this we must earnestly recommend it to the consideration of all orchardists. Fruit medium size, rather oblong, skin smooth of a fine dark red, with a few streaks and a little yellow ground appearing on the shady side; flesh yellow, firm, crisp, with a rich, high flavor. December to April.

Ben Davis—Fruit medium to large; roundish, skin yellowish, splashed and striped and almost covered with red; flesh white, tender, juicy and subacid, of good quality; a popular kind and a good keeping winter variety and should be in every orchard. The tree is very hardy, a free grower, comes into bearing early and very productive. It blooms late in the spring; thereby often escaping the late spring frosts. Very popular in the west and southwest. Mid winter.

Baldwin—One of the best and most popular apples in cultivation on account of its flavor and good shipping qualities. Fruit is large, roundish narrowing a little to the eye; the skin deep red while the flesh is white; rich, crisp, juicy, highly flavored but somewhat sub acid, and is a handsome fruit. Tree is a vigorous grower and bears abundantly. Succeeds well in Western Maryland and the mountains of Virginia but drops its fruit a little too early in and near the tide water section. October to February.

Bellflower—Large, yellow, with pale blush, very tender and juicy. An old favorite which has always been popular, good keeper. November to April.

Grimes Golden—Medium to large size, rich golden yellow, flesh same color, juicy, crisp, tender and of highest quality. Best of yellow winter apples and a good seller. Should be gathered before turning yellow and put in a cool place, and will often keep until February. For canning purposes it nearly equals the Pear. Tree is hardy and vigorous, and an early and abundant bearer. December to February.

Northwestern Greening | A Wisconsin seedling of great value; has stood the most trying tests and found to be equal to Wealthy in point of hardiness, but superior in fruit and keeping qualities. Fruit large, smooth, greenish yellow; flesh fine grained, juicy, firm good quality; thoroughly tested. January to April.

The man who fails to grow fruit on the plea of not being able to afford it, would refuse to pay two dollars for a five dollar gold piece. He lacks the machinery to think with.

Smith's Cider—Rather large, greenish white striped with red, flesh tender, juicy with a mild sub acid flavor; a prodigious bearer and a profitable market variety. December to February.

Northern Spy—Large, striped, flesh white, mild and tender and slightly sub acid with a rich delicious flavor. Tree is a good grower but we cannot advise its planting south of Pa., except in mountainous regions. Nov. to Feb.

Smokehouse—Another Pennsylvania variety, where it is very popular and well known. Tree is moderately vigorous, with spreading head, and extremely productive. Fruit is large and roundish, with yellow skin, shaded and splashed with crimson, and thinly sprinkled with large gray and brown dots. Flesh yellowish firm, juicy and crisp. One of the best cooking apples grown. September to February.

CRAB APPLES.

Hyslop—Large, deep crimson, produces in clusters. Very popular and one of the most beautiful of crabs. Good for culinary uses and for cider. October to January.

Transcendent—Fruit large for its class, yellow with a beautiful rich crimson cheek; flesh creamy yellow, crisp, pleasant and agreeable. Tree is immensely productive, bearing a good crop the fourth year; one of the most popular. September and October.

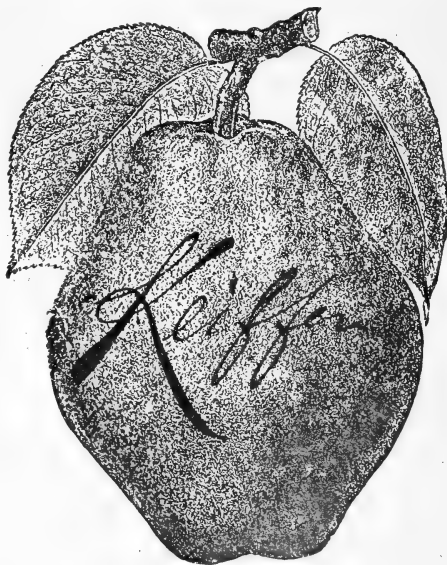
Pear Trees.

PRICE OF KEIFFER PEARS.

STANDARDS.	each	12	100
First class, 6 to 7 feet.....	\$0 45	\$4 50	\$35 00
" 5 to 6 ".....	40	4 00	30 00
" 4 to 5 ".....	35	3 50	25 00
" 3 to 4 ".....	30	3 00	20 00
" 2 to 3 ".....	25	2 50	15 00
Keiffers, Dwarf, 4 to 5 feet.....	30	3 00	20 00

Delaware, December 4, 1899,
Messrs. Harrison, Gents:—Please find enclosed check for \$42.21 in payment for Keiffer pear trees. I wish to express to you my entire satisfaction with these trees. We were perfectly pleased with them. They came in good condition and the roots were especially good. I hope to do further business with you next year. Very truly Yours,
Wm. Saulsbury.

Pennsylvania, November 23, 1899,
Messrs. J. G. Harrison & Sons, Dear Sirs:—Enclosed please find check for Keiffer pear trees which were very satisfactory. Prof. H. C. Deaneer



Western Maryland, November 23, 1899,
J. G. Harrison & Sons, Dear Sirs:—The apple and pear trees came all right and in good condition. I must say the trees were fine. I had a man help me plant them that is 70 years old; he said he had helped plant a good many trees, but had never seen nicer ones than what you sent me, and I feel that I got a nice lot of trees. Yours respectfully,
J. C. Hutzell.

Pennsylvania, November 9, 1899,
Messrs. J. G. Harrison & Sons, Dear Sirs:—Trees received in good shape. Please accept thanks for good trees. Everything looks favorable for success. Respectfully,
L. C. Hafer.

Keiffer Pear—For erect, symmetrical, vigorous growth. early bearing, productiveness, time of maturity, keeping qualities, freedom from insects, fungi and blight, handsome appearance and excellent canning qualities, it stands pre eminently the most desirable commercial pear extant. It has justly and appropriately been termed **The Business Pear**, as it has resulted in more business and profit to the grower than any other pear, in keeping and delicious qualities comparing favorably with the apple and other mid winter luxuries of tree fruits of the temperate zone.

A seedling of Chinese Sand Pear, supposed to have been crossed with Bartlett. Fruit large to very large, skin yellow with a light vermillion cheek; flesh brittle, very juicy with a marked musky aroma, good quality. Mature from September to October. Tree vigorous and very prolific. Begins to bear when four years old. As a fall pear there is no variety as yet disseminated which has given such profitable returns, and the wonderful fertility of the tree is surprising.

At present all indications point to a fortune for the Keiffer Pear grower.

SOME Keiffer Pear trees have netted more than \$5 each the past season.

Many of our trees four years after planting have yielded as many as three bushels of perfect fruit. It is unfortunate that the merits of this fruit have been underestimated from the haste in which it is

hurried to market in an immature condition, and often before it has attained the proper size. When allowed to hang upon the trees until the beginning of October and then carefully ripened in a cool dark room, there are but few pears which are more attractive. In point of quality it combines extreme juiciness with a sprightly subacid flavor and the peculiar aroma of the Bartlett. It is then an excellent dessert fruit.

GENERAL LIST OF PEARS.

	EACH.	DOZEN.	HUND.
First class extra 6 to 7 feet.....	30	\$3 00	\$20 00
First class 5 to 7 feet.....	25	2 50	17 50
First class 5 to 6 feet.....	20	2 00	15 00
First class 4 to 5 feet.....	15	1 50	12 00
First class 3 to 4 feet.....	15	1 25	10 00
Dwarfs.....	15	1 25	10 00

Koonce—Originated in Illinois. It is exceedingly early, in fact, the entire crop is marketed before the early harvest. Most early pears rot at the core and do not ship well, but Koonce is an excellent shipper. It can be picked green and will color up well in a few days. Koonce is a vigorous grower, free from blight, heavy and productive, and an annual bearer. In the spring of 1894 a heavy late frost killed all the pears in that section of Illinois, with the exception of Koonce, it escaped with a fair crop. The foliage of most varieties was turned black, and in many kinds the one year old wood was killed, but the Koonce was not hurt in any way; the foliage remained green and bright through it all. Summing up the good points, we can say: It is very early, free from blight, heavy bearer, frost proof, does not rot at core. Price 30 cents each, \$3 per dozen. Three to four feet, 20c each, \$2 per 12.

Garber Hybrid—A seedling from the Chinese Sand pear; vigorous, free from blight, productive; fruit large, round, handsome, smooth, waxy yellow.

Lawson—A healthy grower, free from blight, very productive, medium to large, some specimens measuring nine inches in circumference, beautiful red color on yellow ground, remarkably attractive and handsome; flesh crisp, juicy and pleasant, firm and a good shipper; very early ripening. Middle of July.

Bartlett—A good grower, very productive and an annual bearer; fruit is large yellow, with often a beautiful blush next the sun; juicy, buttery, and excellent, very popular.

Le Conte—Very vigorous grower, with luxuriant foliage, fruit very large greenish yellow smooth and handsome, juicy, firm quality, excellent for evaporating or canning, a good shipper, very productive and profitable.

Vermont Beauty Pear—This beautiful and valuable pear originated on Grand Isle, Lake Champlain. It is very hardy, having endured extremely cold weather, and **has never lost a bud from either cold or blight**. The growth is vigorous, the leaves free from blight: is an annual and abundant bearer. **In quality the fruit approaches nearer that most delicious of pears, the Seckel, than any other pear on the market.** It is full medium size, yellow, covered on the sunny-side with bright carmine red, making it exceedingly attractive and handsome, flesh melting, rich, juicy, aromatic. Ripening with and after Seckel, though much larger in size and more attractive in appearance, it cannot fail to prove a general favorite and very valuable.



Dutchess d' Angouleme—Very large, greenish yellow, streaked and spotted with russet, flesh white, buttery and very juicy, with a rich and very excellent flavor. October and November.

BOX AND BALING FREE
At Catalogue Price.

Clapp's Favorite—Large, handsome, delicious, fruit when ripe marbled with dull red in the sun, good grower and productive

Seckel—Small, yellow russett, rich juicy, melting, delicious, best quality, slow grower, free from blight.

Lawrence—A good grower with good foliage, very productive and an annual bearer; fruit medium canary yellow, sweet and excellent, a good keeper.

Sheldon—Good size, russet, juicy and excellent.

Beurre d' Anjou—Good grower, very productive and valuable, fruit large, greenish yellow, buttery, melting, very good.

Howell—Large, light waxen yellow, with a fine red cheek, handsome, sweet, rich, melting, an early and profuse bearer, very hardy and valuable. September and October.

Wilder—Small to medium, pyriform, smooth, pale, yellow, with deep red cheek, fine grained, tender, rich, sub acid, does not rot at the core; a good shipper and bears well. Early.

Manning's Elizabeth—Fruit small, yellow, with a lively red cheek; flesh white, juicy and very melting, sweet and sprightly. Tree hardy and exceedingly productive. We regard this as one of the most valuable early dessert pears, and should be in every collection. Season, August.

Plum Trees.

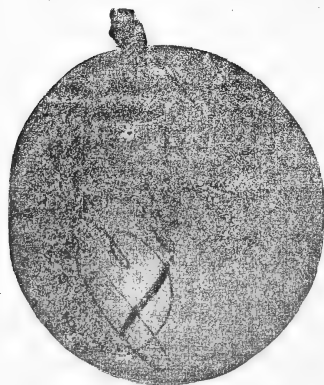
PRICE OF PLUMS ON PLUM ROOTS.

Prices except where noted,	EACH.	12	100
Extra, first class 5 to 7 feet	\$0 30	\$3 00	\$15 00
Heavy, first class 5 to 6 feet	25	2 50	12 00
Medium, first class 4 to 5 feet	20	2 00	10 00
Light, first class 3 to 4 feet	15	1 50	8 00

PLUMS ON PEACH ROOTS.

	EACH.	12	100	1000
First class, 5 to 6 feet	\$0 15	\$1 50	\$7 00	\$65 00
" " 4 to 5 feet	12	1 25	6 50	55 00
" " 3 to 4 feet	10	1 00	5 00	45 00
" " 2 to 3 feet	08	90	4 00	35 00
Abundance, Burbank, Wickson, Hale June buds..	06	75	4 00	

Burbank—Of the many varieties introduced from Japan the Burbank is the most promising, its flavor being the best. The trees are universally vigorous, and have strong branches, and begin to bear usually when two years old. The skin of the fruit is thick and almost curculio proof. An admirable shipper.



Abundance—This is a remarkable fruit and unlike any other plum. In growth it is so strong and handsome as to deserve being planted as an ornamental tree—equaling in thrift and beauty Keiffer pear, which it even excels in early and profuse bearing. The fruit is very large, showy and beautiful, amber colored, turning to a rich, bright cherry, with a decided white bloom, and highly perfumed, flesh light yellow, exceedingly juicy and tender and delicious.

The Hale Plum—Most vigorous tree of all the Japans. Fruit large, bright orange, mottled with cherry red. Superior in quality, fully equal to imperial Gage; none so fine for the family. Ripens middle of September. Its season of ripening, great size and beauty will make it the most profitable of all plums in market. Prof.

L. H. Bailey the highest American authority on Japan plums, in Cornell Bulletin 106, January 1896 "Revised Opinions on Japan Plums," says of the Hale Plum: "A very handsome, large, round conical plum, usually lop sided, orange, thinly overlaid with mottled red, so as to have a yellowish red appearance, or in well colored specimens, deep cherry red, with yellowish specks; flesh yellow, soft and juicy (yet a good keeper) not stringy, with a very delicious slightly acid peachy flavor; skin somewhat sour, cling. Very late. I know the fruit only from specimens sent at two or three different times by Luther Burbank. To my taste these specimens have been the best in quality of all the Japan plums.

Wickson—This plum was originated by Luther Burbank. Among the many thousands this one stands pre eminent in its rare combinations of good qualities; a sturdy, upright grower, productive almost to a fault, fruit handsome: deep maroon red, flesh fine, texture firm, will keep two weeks after ripe. Price 35c each, \$ for \$1; on peach roots at half price.

Red June—A vigorous hardy, upright spreading tree, as productive as Abundance; fruit medium to large, deep vermilion red, with handsome bloom, very showy; flesh light lemon yellow, slightly sub acid of good and pleasant quality: half cling; pit small. Ripens a few days after Willard and is the best in quality of any of the early varieties. On peach roots only.

Willard—Earliest of all Japan plums, and hence very valuable for market. A strong vigorous, hardy tree, very productive. Fruit medium size, bright red: firm white flesh; freestone. Best variety for market. A good keeper. On peach roots only.

Satsuma—Large, skin dark purplish red, mottled with bluish bloom. Shape globular or sharp point: flesh firm, juicy, dark red, well flavored and firm; quality very good, pit small. Tree very vigorous.

Chabott—Two and one half inches long by two inches broad; yellow ground nearly covered with carmine red; flesh orange yellow, very solid and sub acid; quality very good; clingstone. Only one peach root.

Wild Goose—Fruit large; clear bright, vinous red; firm, juicy and sweet. July. On peach root only.

Berckman—Large, obtusely conical, green nearly covered with dull purple; flesh firm, yellowish, somewhat coarse and of good quality. Freestone. Jul 1st. On peach roots only.

Normand—Strong upright growing tree; very productive; fruit medium to large skin golden yellow with slight blush—a beauty: flesh firm, yellow of high quality; small pit. Ripens with or just after Burbank and is the most valuable of the yellow varieties. Only on peach root.

Shade and Ornamental Trees.

Norway Spruce—3 to 4 feet.....	50c each
Siberian Arbor Vitae—3 to 4 feet	10c each
Norway Maples—8 to 10 feet	50c each
Silver Maples—10 to 12 feet	25c each
Carolina Poplars—10 to 12 feet.....	25c each
Lombard Poplars—8 to 10 feet.....	25c each
Cut Leaf Birch—8 to 10 feet.....	50c each

Pa. November 2, 1889.

Messrs. Harrison:—Your trees you sent me arrived here the other day and were perfectly satisfactory. They are very fine trees. You are sure to get another order by next spring for plants and I think I can put in an order for trees again as my neighbor wants a lot too; he thinks they are dandy trees.

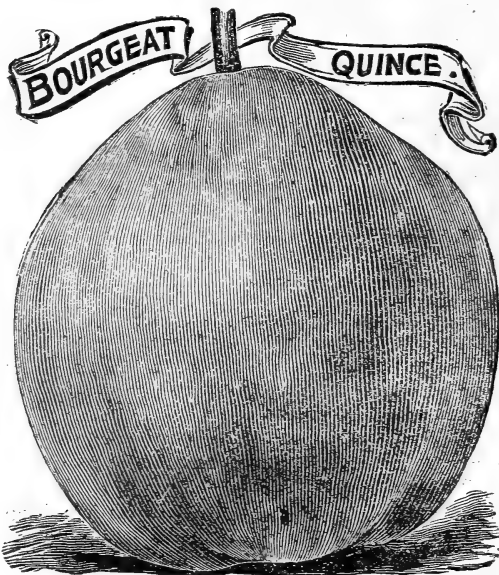
Yours,

Morris L. Erney.

Quince Trees.

Bourgeat—A new golden prolific variety of the best quality, ripening shortly after Orange and keeping until mid winter

Tree a remarkably strong grower, surpassing all others, yielding immense crops; fruiting at three and four years in nursery rows; leaves large, thick and glossy. Fruit of largest size, round, rich golden color, smooth, very tender when cooked; has been kept until February in good condition.



Champion—A prolific and constant bearer, fruit averaging larger than the Orange more oval in shape, quality equally as fine, bears extremely young, producing fine fruit on two year trees in nursery row; can be kept in good condition until January. Tree a vigorous grower and prolific bearer; one of the best for sections not subject to early frosts.

Apple or Orange—Large, roundish; bright golden yellow; cooks tender and is of very excellent flavor. Valua-

ble for preserves or flavoring. Very productive; the most popular and extensively cultivated variety. October

Meech—A vigorous grower and immensely productive, frequently bearing fruit when but two years of age. The fruit is large, lively orange yellow, of great beauty and delightful fragrance; its cooking qualities are unsurpassed.

Price of either variety 25c each, \$2.50 per dozen, \$20 00 per 100

Gooseberries

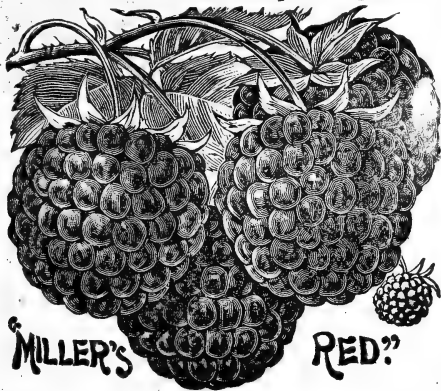
Downing—A seedling from the Houghton. An upright, vigorous growing plant; fruit larger than its parent; color whitish green, flesh rather soft juicy, very good. productive, valuable market sort. Price 15c each, \$1.25 per dozen, \$5 per 100.

Houghton's Seedlings—Rather small, pale red, flesh tender, juicy, sweet and pleasant. produces enormous crops. free from mildew, most profitable market variety. 15 cents each, \$1 per dozen. \$4 per 100.



Raspberries.

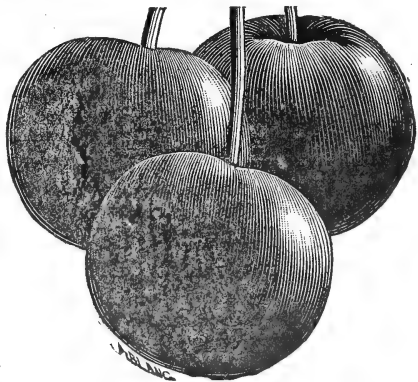
Miller Red—This new red raspberry originated in Sussex county Delaware,



and is very popular with a few fruit growers in that section who have preferred to market the fruit rather than sell the plants. The berry is as large as Cuthbert holding its size to the end of the season; round in shape, color a bright red, does not fade, but will hold its color after shipment longer than any other red variety, core very small, does not crumble, making it the firmest and best shipping berry in existence, has not the flat taste of some varieties, but a rich fruity flavor entirely its own. We have the price low so all may try it. 50c per dozen by mail, \$1.25 per 100 by mail post paid, \$1 per 100 by express not paid, \$5 per 1000.

Cherry Trees.

Baldwin Cherry—The tree is an upright grower, more inclined to be round than otherwise: a very rank vigorous grower: leaves rather broad; bloom pure white; which turns to a pink color similar to the hydrangea; fruit very large, almost perfectly round, very dark yet almost transparent; flavor slightly sub acid, yet the sweetest and richest of the Morello type; stems rather large, medium length, more inclined to grow in pairs than clusters. It is remarkable for earliness, vigor, hardiness: quality and productiveness; out of 800 cherry trees I have in bearing it is the most thrifty and beautiful tree I have in the lot, and yet has only had the same care and attention as the others. It is a tree to command attention, and is so distinct as to attract comments from many upon seeing it, without knowing its superior merits. The original tree was planted eight years ago and has fruited now five years, and the tree is now at least one third larger than any Early Richmond of the same age—Originators description. Price \$1 each, \$10 per dozen.



PRICE OF CHERRIES, (Except where noted)

	Each	12	100
First class large, 5 to 7 feet.....	\$0 30	\$3 50	\$25 00
First class, medium, 5 to 6 feet.....	25	3 00	20 00

Early Richmond—Through the west and in some localities the Early Richmond is still and probably always will be, the leading variety, but ripens so early it competes with late strawberries, and attention is now turned to late sorts for profit. It is very hardy and a regular bearer. Medium size, red, flesh melting juicy and at maturity of a rich acid flavor; very productive, fine for cooking. Commences ripening in May, hangs long on the tree.

Montmorency—The Montmorency we offer is the Montmorency grown so largely through Western New York, being the same type as grown in the famous orchards at Geneva. This is the long stem form, and more productive and, far more valuable than the short stemmed sort, and a very different cherry. The tree is an upright, handsome grower, and very productive, while the short stemmed sort is a poor grower and unproductive. Fruit is bright red, broad, flattened on the ends, flesh nearly colorless but not very sour. At present the most popular of all sour cherries through a large part of the country and increasing in popularity each year. Ripens about first of July.

Other varieties, but space will not admit of description—Black Tartarian, Bigarreau, Black Heart, Gov. Wood, Napoleon, Windsor, Dye House, English Morello, May Duke and Rockport.

Asparagus.

Columbian Mammoth White—It produces shoots which are white and remain so as long as fit for use. In addition to the marvelous advantage of its white color, the Columbian Mammoth White Asparagus is even more robust and vigorous in habit, and throws larger shoots and fully as many of them as the Conover's Colossal Market gardeners, growers for canners, and amateurs should give this great acquisition a thorough trial. Price—1 dozen by mail for 50c. 50 for \$1.00, 100 for \$1.50, 1000 for \$4, 1 year roots; 2 year roots \$5 per 1000



Donald's Elmira—This new asparagus has attracted much attention through New York State, where it was originated by Mr. A. Donald, a prominent market gardener of Elmira. He has always realized handsome prices, and although a large grower, was unable to supply half the demand. The delicate green color is noticeable, different from either the famous Barr's Philadelphia Mammoth or Palmetto, while the stocks are more tender and succulent. Its mammoth size can be

realized from the fact that in whole crops a bunch of twelve stalks will average four pounds in weight. It requires much less labor in cutting and bunching, thus lessening the expense of marketing. Strong one year roots 50 cents per dozen by mail, \$1.00 per 100 by express, \$4.00 per 1000. Two year roots 75 cents per dozen by mail, \$1.00 per 100 by express, \$5.00 per 1000.

Palmetto—Of Southern origin, a variety of excellent quality, early, very large, very prolific, and all who have used it pronounce it ahead of any other. Strong one year roots 40 cents per dozen by mail, 50 cents per 100 by express, \$3.00 per 1000. Two year roots 50 cents per dozen by mail, 75 cents per 100 by express, \$3.50 per 1000.

Barr's Philadelphia Mammoth—Early and large and when placed on the market its appearance makes a demand for it while others are at a drag. One year roots 40 cents per dozen by mail, 75c per 100 by express, \$3.00 per 1000 for one year, and two year \$3.50.

Conover's Colossal—Very large and makes rapid growths: planted mostly by market gardeners. Can be cut quite frequently and brings high prices.

LaFrance—Delicate silvery rose, shaded with pink, often silvery pink with peach shading. Very large, very double, and of superb form. It flowers continually throughout the season. None can surpass the delicacy of its coloring. Sweetest and most useful of all roses. 25c each, \$2.50 per dozen.

Grapes.



No home is complete without plenty of Grapes, and no ornamental vine is more attractive than the Grape, with its luxuriant foliage and large, luscious bloom dusted bunches filled with nectar. A fruit fit for the gods.

ESCAPES Concord, Delaware, Eaton, Hartford, Ives, Brighton, Moore's Early, Salem, Diamond, Niagara, Pocklington, Ulster, Vergennes, Wilder, Woodruff, Worden, Wyoming. One year vines

Price on above 10c each; 10 for 75c; 100 for \$5.00.

Campbell's Early—New black, large, fine; each 35 cents; 10 for \$3.00.

Currants.

They should be planted in good deep soil, in a cool location and manured very heavily. Plant 4 by 5 feet, work like raspberries; keep the soil moist and free from weeds, and mulch with manure, if the best quality of fruit is desired. They should be pruned every year and all old wood cut from them; keep them thinned out so that air can freely pass through them. Currant worms can be destroyed by using hellebore; dissolve one ounce in three gallons of water, and apply with a syringe or small sprinkling can. This can be done with very little expense if performed at the right time.

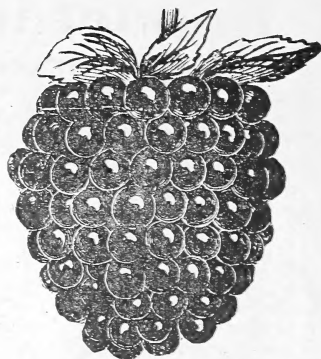
Victoria—Very large, red, bunch long, of great beauty and excellent quality, one of the best for general planting. Two year, No 1, 10c each; \$3 per 100,

Dewberry.

Lucretia Dewberry—Fruit very large, luscious and handsome; perfectly hardy, a strong grower and enormously productive; a superb and very profitable market fruit; the vines should be allowed to remain on the ground during the winter, and staked up early in the spring.

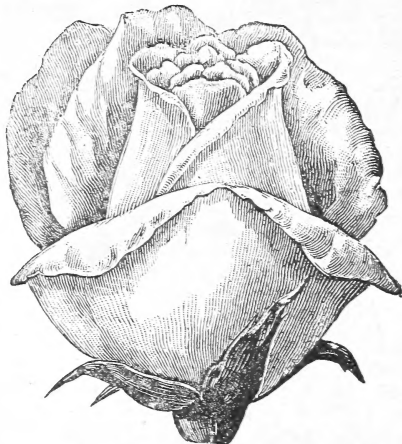


Price, 50c per dozen by mail post paid; \$1.00 per 100 by express not paid; \$5 per 1000 by freight or express not paid.



Roses.

In selecting a spot for a rosebed do not choose one where they will be shaded by trees or buildings, as the Rose delights in an open air situation with plenty of sunshine.



In preparing the bed dig it thoroughly to the depth of twelve or fifteen inches, as rose roots penetrate deep when they have a chance. After the plants are set out, keep the soil loose to the depth of an inch or two by frequent stirring. An occasional soaking with weak manure water is a great help to them.

Crimson Rambler—A Japanese Rose bearing immense trusses of bright crimson flowers. The plant is a vigorous grower, making shoots eight to ten feet long in a season. Color bright vivid crimson, with none of the pulplish tint so common in crimson roses. A charming pillar rose and for covering trellises or buildings there is nothing finer. 25c each. \$2.50 per dozen.

Pink Rambler—Resembles the Crimson Rambler in foliage and habit of growth. The flowers are a beautiful shade of pink, of medium size in immense

Important Information.

SHIPPING FACILITIES GOOD—Located at the junction of the Delaware, Maryland and Virginia railroad, which connects for all points north, and the Baltimore, Chesapeake & Atlantic railroad, which connects with the B. & O. for all points west and south, and only 8 miles from the Atlantic ocean, where the famous summer resort, Ocean City, is situated.

ALL ORDERS will be filed with the greatest promptness possible, correctly labeled and packed by experienced packers.

TIME OF SHIPMENT—To the fall trade we will commence to ship trees as soon as leaves are off and the wood ripe, and plants about the first of October, and continue as long as the weather is mild. For the spring trade in most seasons, we can fill orders as early as February for the South, as late as May for the northern customers. Always name date when you want stock shipped, but have it reach you before you need it. We endeavor to handle our stock in best manner, clean it up nicely, and give you good count.

WHE BEST TO ORDER—Order now. Do not wait until you are ready to plant. Your order will not be shipped until the proper time or until you wish it.

HOW BEST TO REMIT—Remit by Bank Draft Express Money Order, or Postoffice Money Order on Berlin Postoffice. Registered Letter, or Stamps for fractional parts of a dollar.

PAYMENTS INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.—Goods sent C. O. D. only when one fourth the amount is sent with order, with charges for returning money added to bill. Usual terms to purchasers of good rating.

SPECIAL LOW EXPRESS RATE—By special arrangement we are able to send plants by express to any part of the country at 20 per cent regular rate. We interest ourselves in the Adams and the United

States Express Co's.


GUARANTEE—While we exercise the greatest care to have every tree and plant true to name, and are ready, on proper proof, to replace anything sent by us that proves untrue to label free of charge, it is understood and agreed between purchaser and ourselves, that we are not to be held liable for any greater sum than that paid us for said trees that may prove untrue.

CLAIMS FOR DEDUCTION should be made within five days from receipt of goods.

WHEN TREES AND PLANTS ARE RECEIVED bury the roots in moist shady ground until planted.

OFFICE AND PACKING HOUSE is within 100 yards of Western Union Telegraph office and Adams and U. S. Express, and any order, large or small, will be cared for promptly and filled in due time. We have two immense packing houses that enable us to give best care and protection in handling and packing stock from wind, sun and frost. Office connected by telephone to farms.

J. G. HARRISON & SONS, Berlin, Md.

<p>STATE NATURALIST DEPARTMENT DEPARTMENTS OF ENTOMOLOGY AND VEGETABLE PATHOLOGY. BERLIN SUBCULTURAL GARDEN AND EXPERIMENT STATION.</p>	<p>MARYLAND</p> 	<p>R. S. SILVESTER, HERBERT S. CROCKFORD, CHIEF. ROBT. W. G. JOHNSON, STATE ENTOMOLOGIST. PROF. C. G. TOWNSEND, STATE PATHOLOGIST.</p>
<p>CERTIFICATE OF NURSERY INSPECTION.</p>		
<p>No. _____ To Whom It May Concern:</p>		
<p>THIS IS TO CERTIFY, That on the <u>12</u> day of <u>December</u> 1899 we examined the Nursery Stock of <u>J. G. Harrison & Sons</u> growing in their nurseries at <u>Berlin</u> County of <u>Berlin</u> State of Maryland, in accordance with the laws of Maryland, 1898, Chapter 289, Section 58, and that said nurseries and premises are apparently free, so far as can be determined by inspection, from the San Jose Scale, Peach Yellow, Pear Blight and other dangerously injurious insect pests and plant diseases.</p>		
<p>This certificate is invalid after <u>Aug 1</u> 1900 and does not include nursery stock not grown within this State, unless such stock is previously covered by certificate and accepted by the State Entomologist and State Pathologist.</p>		
<p>College Park, Md. <u>Dec 14 1899</u> <u>Wm. E. Johnson</u> State Entomologist <u>Charles C. Townsend</u> State Pathologist</p>		

